How we collected the baseline data

In Kabarole district we used three methods: consultations with sector stakeholders; existing sector data; and assessments of the building blocks and Qualitative Information Systems (QIS) ladders. Together, these gave us a clear picture of the WASH systems currently in place.

Collecting this data was a crucial part of the process of developing a district master plan. This plan sets out how we’ll achieve full WASH coverage in the Kabarole district by 2030.

IRC Uganda also carried out a baseline assessment of the WASH systems at national level. The WASH system building blocks were jointly assessed with key national players. Together we identified areas for collaboration and alignment.

Data collection, at both district and national level, was funding by USAID Sustainable WASH Systems and the Conrad N. Hilton Foundation. In Kabarole, the district WASH Task Team was used to validate the study findings and reports.

What you can do to help us make safe water and sanitation available for everyone, for good, by 2030

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About IRC in Uganda
We’re working with the national government and district leaders to build strong and resilient national and local WASH systems so that we deliver reliable WASH services to everyone by 2030.

We are working with one partner district: Kabarole, located in the Rwenzori region.
IRC baseline data: Kabarole, Uganda

We have a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to make access to safe water and sanitation available for everyone, for good.

To achieve this goal we need resilient national and local water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) systems that transform lives.

In Uganda, we are committed to supporting the Kabarole district to make this a reality.

The first step towards building and strengthening systems is to collect baseline data - and we started to do this in 2017. This helps everyone involved to understand the strengths and weaknesses of the current systems and service levels, and what we need to do to improve them. Using this data, we and our partners can develop, change and scale our systems approach in Uganda.

We’ll return to this baseline every year as part of a joint review of progress towards our shared goals of strong WASH systems delivering services to everyone.

Collecting the baseline data was a result of the collective effort of multi-sectoral actors in the district. Having the baseline data in place will help us to support the district in meeting its long-term WASH priorities to ensure safe water and sanitation for everyone.”

Jana Nabunnya, Country Director, IRC Uganda

WASH systems in Kabarole, Uganda

Reliable and sustainable WASH services must be delivered by strong and resilient local WASH systems. Systems are the networks of people, institutions, hardware and resources necessary to deliver services.

At IRC we group these into nine key sub-systems, or ‘building blocks’. For WASH services to be delivered, ALL these building blocks must be present and working to at least a minimum level.

Increased political and financial commitment and strong partnerships are essential to systems change. In Kabarole district we measured this.

WASH service levels in Kabarole, Uganda

What matters is that people have access to water and sanitation services: safe water to drink, and a toilet to use where waste products are safely contained and treated. We have measured access to these services against the WASH service levels which have been defined by the Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP).

We aren’t yet able to fully represent the sector data for this district in JMP format. We’re working on this: in the meantime, the graphs above are in draft form.

The baseline data we’ve collected clearly shows that there is work to do, and we’re fully committed to supporting the district to achieve universal access.

WASH systems in Kabarole, Uganda

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<tr>
<th>Subsystem</th>
<th>Institutions</th>
<th>Policy and Legislation</th>
<th>Finance</th>
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<th>Infrastructure Management</th>
<th>Monitoring</th>
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1 = non-existent/very weak, 5 = fully compliant/very strong

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