

















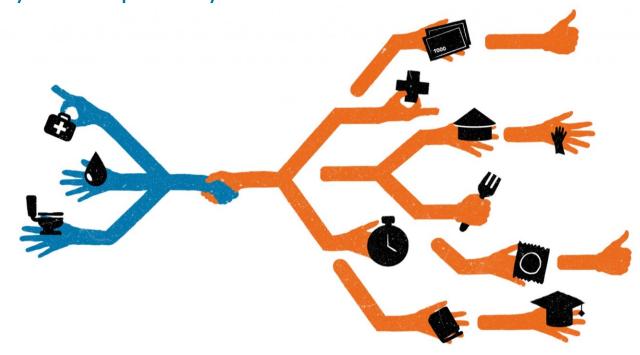






Mission

Simavi strives for a world in which basic health is accessible to all, since basic health is the first step towards building a better existence and creating a way out of poverty.





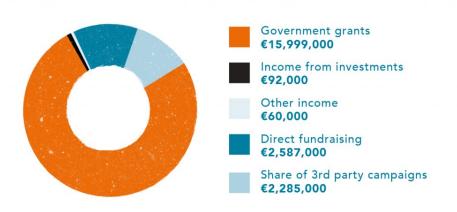


Simavi: Who we are

- Two implementing themes:
 - Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)
 - Sexual Reproductive Health Rights (SRHR)
- Partners: local partners (CSOs/ NGOs), private companies, national and international NGOs

INCOME 2014

EXPENDITURE 2014







SITUATION



750,000,000

people don't have access to improved water sources

SITUATION



1,800,000,000

people use a drinking water source contaminated with faeces

PROBLEM



EFFECT



13,700 PEOPLE DIE EACH DAY

from diarrhoeal diseases





SITUATION



2,500,000,000

people don't have access to adequate sanitation

SITUATION



in countries with poor sanitation diarrhoeal diseases are the third biggest killer

PROBLEM

hepatitis A typhoid polio

FFFFCT



767 PEOPLE DIE EACH DAY

from diarrhoeal diseases by poor sanitation





Simavi: WASH Programme

- Large portfolio of WASH programmes and projects of various sizes and duration in Asia and Africa
- Always working with local partners (NGO/CSO)
- Project implementation in combination with evidence-based advocacy (in the Netherlands, internationally)
- 'FIETS' Sustainability Model
- Focus countries in Asia: Bangladesh, Indonesia, Nepal
- Focus countries in Africa: Ghana, Uganda, Tanzania, Kenya
- Large programmes: Dutch WASH-Alliance, SHAW, Football4WASH, MKAJI
- Local offices in Indonesia, Tanzania









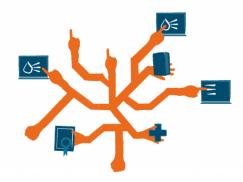








EMPOWERED COMMUNITIES



2,200,000

were directly reached with WASH education

target: 1,400,000

ENABLING ENVIRONMENT



recommendations or advocacy issues were adopted by authorities

target: 74

SUSTAINABLE SERVICES



244,000

people got access to improved WASH services

target: 103,000





Disease Transmission

1. Water-borne



3. Water-based



2. Water-washed



4. Water-related







Improving Health

- A. Health and safe water
 - 1. Improved quality
 - 2. Improved quantity
 - 3. Improved accessibility
 - 4. Improved use
- B. Health and sanitation
- C. Health and hygiene







Health and safe water

Water for domestic purposes

- Accessible
 - Distance, Management,Costs, Convienence
- Free of bacteriological and chemical contamination
- Minimum 20 litres pppd
- Hygienic Use to avoid contamination between collection and use











Health and sanitation

100% coverage

- Suits level of development / economic status of household
- Step by step, sanitation ladder
- Social marketing techniques and marketing
- Business approaches product market combi's
- Respect cultural aspects but discuss hindrances
- Different techniques household – institutional – communal









Health and hygiene

Most significant (in general but can differ per context):

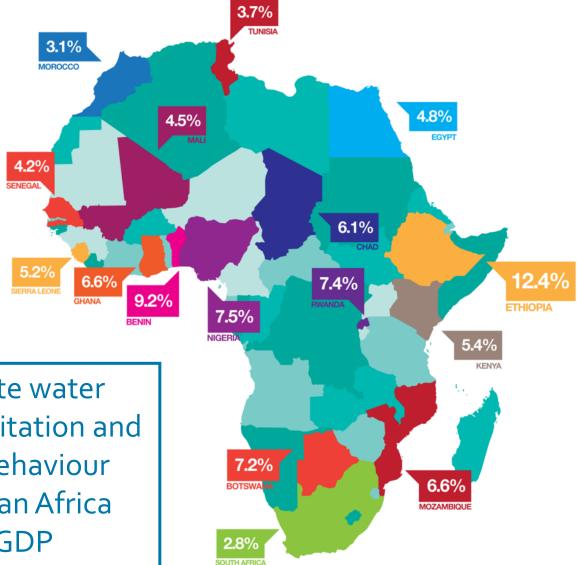
- Sanitary disposal of faeces
- Hand washing:
- With soap?, after defecation, before touching food
- Maintaining drinking water free from bacteriological contamination

Communal behaviour change needed => requires individual commitment and actions









Lack of adequate water supply, proper sanitation and good hygiene behaviour costs sub-Saharan Africa 4-5% of its GDP





By 2020 we have structurally improved the basic health of 10 million people in marginalised communities in Africa and Asia.







www.simavi.org



Basic health for all.