ID. JA 89

Government of the Republic of Indonesia Ministry of Public Works Directorate General of Cipta Karya

51 Ibu Kota Kecamatan Water Supply Sector Project in West Java

Preliminary Report on Catchment and Water Resources Protection

Exercise a residence of control

ATEN COLLEGE

February 1989

COWICONSULT Consulting Engineers and Planners AS

in association with





PT. RESCO NUSANTARA KONSULTAN

Project office: Jalan Cimanuk 34, Bandung 40115 Telephone (022) 73287

51 IKK WATER SUPPLY SECTOR PROJECT IN WEST JAVA

COWIconsult

Consulting Engineers and Planners AS

in association with

CIRIAJASA and RESCO NUSANTARA

Ir. A.R. Tambing, Direktur Direktorat Air Bersih Jl. Raden Patah I/1 Kebayoran Baru Jakarta Selatan

Your ref:

Our ref: 89/02/47/AC-BP Date: 28 February 1989

Subject: 51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project-West Java (DAN1DA)

Final Report on Water Resources-Catchment Protection

Dear Sir,

We are pleased to submit herewith the Preliminary Report on Catchment and Water Resources Protection concerning the above project and called for by Addendum 3 to Contract No.

HK. 02.03.01 DAB-17/CES/DANIDA/87

The report forms a supplement to the Final Report on Water Resources worked out for the above project and according to the above contract. Both reports are being submitted simultaneously but for practical reasons (size of the volums) under separate covers.

We are also forwarding 2 copies of each of the reports to Ir. Sugandi, PPSAB, with a copy of this letter.

Yours Sincerely,

Aage Christensen

Team Leader

B. Pulawski

Chief Hydrogeologist

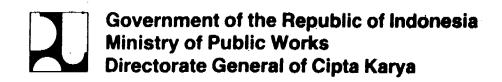
copy: Ir. Priono Salim, Kasubdit Perencanaan Teknis

Ir. Djoko Rismianto, Kasi Air Baku Perencanaan Teknis DAB - Jkt.

Ir. Prastoro Yuwono, Pimpinan Proyek
DAB - Jkt

Ir. Sugandi S, Pimpinan Proyek Air Bersih Bandung PPSAB - Bandung

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February 1989

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RINGKASAN

Laporan Pendahuluan mengenai Tadahan dan Perlindungan akan Sumber-sumber Air ini diajukan sesuai dengan "Terms of Reference" pada Adendum No. 3 dari Kontrak Konsultasi.

Laporan menjelaskan secara singkat tentang perundang-undangan yang ada dalam bidang pengelolaan sumber-sumber air dan perlindungan lingkungan.

Tampak bahwa perundang-undangan yang ada dan cukup terlaksana baik hanya memadai untuk bidang pengembangan sumber air serta pengelolaannya, sedangkan untuk perlindungan lingkungan masih membutuhkan undang-undang khusus dan pedoman pelaksanaan.

Untuk keperluan proyek ini, khususnya untuk melaksanakan usulan tindakan perlindungan sesuai undang-undang yang ada; dapat diselesaikan dengan pendekatan secara administratip oleh Pemerintah Daerah Tk. I dan II terhadap kedua aspek perlindungan sumber air yaitu perlindungan terhadap debit (pengelolaan) dan perlindungan kwalitas (perlindungan lingkungan).

Untuk memenuhi persyaratan "Environmental Management Act" atau EMA (Ketentuan-ketentuan pokok Pengelolaan Lingkungan Hidup) maka Penyajian Informasi Lingkungan - PIL - tahun 1982 dari setiap sumber air ke 44 IKK yang akan dilaksanakan disajikan dalam laporan ini.

Sehubungan dengan debit (maksimum 20 liter/detik) dan jumlah sumur produksi (maksimum 3 sumur) hanya pada beberapa IKK saja maka EMA menetapkan bahwa Analisa Mengenai dampak Lingkungan (AMDAL) tidak diperlukan.

"PIL" disajikan dalam bentuk formulir isian (Appendix I - III) yang juga secara singkat menginformasikan usulan ukuran lindung yang akan dilaksanakan. Setiap "PIL" dilampirkan dengan peta topografi yang menggambarkan daerah-daerah yang tercakup.

Penjelasan tentang pendekatan untuk menerapkan Penyajian Informasi Lingkungan (PIL) dan usulan ukuran lindung, diberikan pada Bab 3 dan 4.

Setelah komentar-komentar dan usulan-usulan diterima, Laporan Akhir akan diselesaikan dan bahan-bahan secara terperinci dipersiapkan bagi setiap IKK untuk diajukan kepada Pemerintah daerah khususnya.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Preliminary Report on Catchment and Water Resources Protection has been worked out in compliance with Terms of Reference of the Addendum 3 to the Consultancy Contract.

The Report accounts briefly for the existing legislation within the field of water resources management and environmental protection. It appears that while there exist an adequate legislation and a rather well established practice within the water resources development and management, the environmental protection aspect still needs more precise legislation guidance and more decisive enforcement.

For the purpose of this Project and its concern to implement the proposed protective measures the existing legislation is sufficiently clear by putting the administrative responsibility of both aspects of water resources protection i.e. yield protection (management) and quality protection (environmental protection) on the Provincial and on the Regional Government (Pemda). In practice the Pemda shall be approached in all aspects of water resource protection.

In compliance with the requirements of the Environmental Management Act (EMA) - (Ketentuan-ketentuan Pokok Pengelolaan Lingkungan Hidup) - of 1982 the Report presents the environmental information (PIL) - Penyajian Informasi Lingkungan - on each of the water sources selected for the 44 IKKs to be implemented.

Due to the rather low yields (max. 20 l/s) and the limited number of productive wells in any of the IKKs (max. 3) the EMA - stipulated Analysis of the Environmental Impact, (AMDAL) of the Project is not required.

Together with PILs, each presented on a separate form, in Appendices I to III are also briefly outlined the protective measures proposed to be implemented for each source. Each proposal is supplemented with a topo-map showing the area involved.

Explanation of the approach applied for both the Presentation of the Environmental Information (PIL) and the proposal of the protective measures is given in Chapter 3 and 4.

After receiving comments and suggestions on amendments, a final report will be worked out and made operational by preparing detailed materials for each IKK to be submitted to the concerned Regional Governments (outside the present Term of Reference)

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The present report is a part of the Final Report on Water resources worked our for the 51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project according to the consultancy contract No. HK. 02. 03. 02

DAB-17/CES/DANIDA/87

between the Direktorat Jenderal Cipta Karya and Cowiconsult, Copenhagen in association with Ciriajasa and Resco Nusantara, both of Jakarta.

The reports are edited separately for practical reasons but submitted simultaneously.

The present report has been worked out in compliance with the Terms of Reference of the above Contract as well as with the subsequent requests by the Client and the financing agency, DANIDA, to have the water resources protection issues dealt with more comprehensively. This wish has been expressed in the TOR for Addendum 3 where a preliminary report on that issue has been called for.

Due to the novel character of the environmental and water resources protection issues and thus an expressed lack of established practice in dealing with these issues, the report is a preliminary one. After being presented to the Client and discussed with the involved authorities a revised, final version shall be worked out together with detailed recommendations for each water source on the protective measures to be taken. This activity shall take place in the beginning of the implementation phase of the Project.

1.2 Objectives and Scope of the Report

The aim of this report is to present, for each selected water source, the set of impacts that may affect adversely the future exploitation of the source and to indicate or advise on the steps that shall be taken to protect the source.

Two types of impacts are relevant in that respect

- environmental pollution
- depletion of the yield either due to natural conditions or overexploitation of the resource

Both aspects are considered in this report.

After a brief presentation of the exsisting legislation on water resources protection in Indonesia, the approach applied for the Presentation of the Environmental Information - termed PIL (Penyajian Informasi Lingkungan) - is described and the recommendations on the protective measures to be applied are outlined.

The PIL for each of the sources as well as the recommendations are pre-sented on a standarised forms given in Appendices I to III for springs (I), wells (II) and surface water sources (III).

Finally, Appendix IV gives a summary for each IKK of the general, environmental and resource related information and proposal on the actions to be taken.

2. PRESENT LEGISLATION AND PRACTICE

2.1 Water Resources Development and Management

The first, comprehensive regulation on water resources promulgated in the time of the independence of the Republic is the Law No. 11 of 1974 on Water Resources Development.

According to this law, water resources are natural or man-made bodies of water either at the surface or underground. Following the above Law a suite of acts and regulations on water resources management on national level have been promulgated.

These are :

- Government Act No. 22 of 1982 on Water Resources Management
- Regulation of Minister of Mines and Energy No. 03/P/M/Pertamben of 1983 on Groundwater Management
- Decree of Director General of Geology and Mineral Resources No. 392.K/526/060000 of 1985.

On provincial level, the relevant act is the recently promulgated regulation No. 3 of 1988 on Control of Abstraction of Groundwater and Surface Water and Disposal of Waste Water worked out by the Badan Pengelola Air (BAPAIR), Jawa Barat.

All the above acts are primarily concerned not so much with the environmental protection as with the protection and management of the yield, the protection of quantity.

Of interest for the Project are the institutional arrangements within water resources development.

According to the above acts and especially the Law no. 11 of 1974 and the Act no. 22 of 1982 the responsibilities with respect of water resources are as follows:

a) The Minister of Public Works through its Directorate General of Water Resources is responsible for and concerned with development of:

- surface waters
- springs in case the capturings do not alter the subsurface hydraulics of the spring (gravity capturings)
- development of groundwater for irrigation purposes (in consultation with and on the technical approval of the Directorate of Geology and Mineral Resources).
- b) The Minister of Mines and Energy through its Directorate General of Geology and Mineral Resources is responsible the development of
 - groundwater and
 - springs in case capturings alter their geo-hydraulic conditions.

The Directors General may in some specific matters transfer their authority in that respect to the Directorate of Environmental Geology, or to the Head of Regional Office of Minister of Mines and Energy or to the Dinas PU Pengairan in case of surface water sources.

2.2 Concessions for Water Resources Utilization

While the technical aspects of water resources and their development rest with the two above Directorates, the administration of water resources development are handled by the Provincial Governments (Pemda).

Thus the use of any water resource for any purpose, be it domestic supply, irrigation or industrial use is subject to license to be issued by the Governor. The licenses are issued on the basis of binding technical recommendation from the two Directorates or their above mentioned nominees.

In order to handle the administrative tasks and to be able to follow the technical contents of the recommendations the Governor of West Java set up a Water Resources Management Office - Badan Pengelola Air (BAPAIR). Besides assisting the provincial administration with issuing licenses, the BAPAIR shall also control that the conditions on which the license has been issued are observed as well as coordinate the efforts in controling of the industrial waste water disposal.

From the point of view of the Project it is interesting to state that the application for the license to develop a water source must have the following attachments:

- principal approval by the Bupati
- location maps
- a filled out form issued by Directorate of Environmental Geology
- Presentation of Environmental Information (PIL) and Analysis of Environmental Impact (AMDAL), called for by the Environmental Management Act of 1982 (se below under 2.3).

Thus, although the license is issued by the Governor, accept of the Regional Government (the Bupati) is necessary. Thus again, for practical purposes, protection of a given water source within a given administrative area can be effected by the Bupati's control through approvals of applications for resource development.

the Presentation \mathbf{of} Environmental ofWith respect Information (PIL) and of the Analysis of Environmental the PIL has to be submitted every time a (AMDAL) request for development of water resource is submitted. The AMDAL is only worked out in case of expected major environmental influence the extraction may cause. In case groundwater development the AMDAL must be worked out when the extraction is more than 50 l/sec or involves more than 5 boreholes.

Thus in the case of the present Project, where the extraction is at most 20 l/sec from maximum 3 boreholes at any of the IKKs, the Environmental Information shall be given only for each of the 44 sources selected while no AMDAL is needed.

2.3 Environmental Protection

The awareness of and the need for a balanced environmental use was recognized since the beginning of the Republic.

As in most countries also the Government of Indonesia aims to integrate the environmental policy in all decision makings on development. However one should bear in mind, that these objectives are to be reached in a development planning which focuses on economic growth with industry and agriculture as spearheads. This will expectedly result in numerous conflicting situations between the environmental and development interests.

To cope with the growing problems the Ministry for Development Supervision and Environment was established and later on changed into the Ministry for Population and Environment (KLH).

The first legislative act solely concerned with environmental protection is the Environmental Management Act (EMA) - Ketentuan-ketentuan pokok Pengelolaan Lingkungan Hidup - promulgated in 1982 as Act no. 4, giving the basic provisions for the management of the living environment.

The Act is a very general one and provides for legislation in more detail. Thus a great number of laws, regulations and instructions is being scheduled to be worked out and implemented by the concerned Ministries. Some of these regulations are already presented, such as the quality standards for drinking and swimming waters by the Minister of Health. However most of the legislative works is still to be done. Thus no comprehensive legislation on environmental protection of groundwater resources exists.

One of the more important rules of the EMA is its stipulation that each activity plan that is likely to cause a significant impact on the environment have to present an analysis of that impact, AMDAL (Analysis of Environmental Impact).

The analysis have to be carried out according to the given regulations and it shall give account of and consider the following elements:

- a. the population which will be affected by the impact
- b. the extent of the distribution area of the impact
- c. the period of the impact retention
- d. the impact intensity
- e. the number of the other environmental components which will be affected by the impact
- f. the cumulative nature of such an impact
- g. the reversibility of irreversibility of the impact

This stipulation came into effect July 1987 and detailed guidelines for AMDALs are being worked out by various concerned authorities.

The problem which arises in the case of environmental protection of water resources is that they can be affected by a multitude of different sectoral activities such as industry, agriculture, foresty etc. Thus an effective environmental protection requires implementation and an effective coordination and control of protective measures on a sectoral level within a given area.

Considering the quite recent character of the environmental legislation it is understandable that it is still deficient in details and frustrating in implementation.

Of importance for the Project and the implementation of the proposed protective measures is the EMA's administrative ruling stating in article 18 that:

the sectoral coordination of the protection of the living environment is the responsibility of the Governor while the management of the living environment in relation to the implementation of national policies pertaining to that environment shall be carried out on the regional level by the Regional Government (Pemda).

2.4 Conclusion

For both types of water resource protection called for by the Project i.e.

- protection of the yield (conservation)
- protection against pollution (environmental protection)

the responsible authorities are the Governor and the Regional Government through their respective technical offices.

For handling the water resources management the Governor of West Java established the Water Resources Management Office (BAPAIR). For co-ordinating the environmental tasks he has at his disposal the Bureau for Population and Environment (BKLH). Both offices are rather young with as yet limited resources and experience.

For all practical purposes and in all aspects of water resources protection the Project shall approach the Regional Government, Pemda.

3. PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL

In APPENDICES I to III the environmental information, PIL, for each of the retained water sources is given on a standardized form. The forms differ somewhat for each of the three main source types: wells, springs and surface waters.

The format as well as the contents of the appendices is preliminary and is of course subject to changes or ammendments in the final edition of the report.

Each PIL consists of a general information on the source containing technical data such as location, yields, means of extraction etc. followed by information on the source's geological and morphological setting and its present environmental conditions.

Further the presentation briefly accounts for the possibilities of pollution of:

- the source itself,
- it's immediate surrounding
- it's catchment area.

It should be noted that for the groundwater sources, (springs and boreholes) their topographical catchment areas are given although their hydrogeological catchments may differ from the topographical ones. Further, "upstream" catchments are indicated for boreholes in hilly areas (volcano slopes) where a downward water flow is obvious. In flat areas the catchment areas have been equalled with a circular zone of influence estimated from the pumping tests and the general hydrogeological condition of the area.

Finally for each of sources the sensitivity to pollution of its catchment area has been assessed. This assessment is based on the sources' response to the catchment's contamination (a surface water intake on a little stream for instance is very sensitive to the pollution of its catchment) as well as the catchment's geological and morphological characteristics.

The sensitivity is not quantified but expressed in relative terms with following graduation: safe, not sensitive, sensitive, quite sensitive, very sensitive.

4. RECOMMENDATIONS ON PROTECTIVE MEASURES

4.1 General

The recommended protective measures are presented on the same form as the PILs (App. I - II) and are arranged in the same order as the indications of the pollution possibilities i.e.:

- the site itself (well, intake, capturing)
- the surroundings of the source
- the source's catchment area.

The recommendation on protection is followed for each of the above mentioned 3 protection "zones" by indication of the authority responsible for the implementation and control of the protective measures. It is thus understandable that the responsibility shifts from the IKK-Water Supply Unit and Camat for the intake sites through Camat and Pemda for the surroundings to Pemda or even Governor for entire catchments.

For each of the sources the PIL and the recommendation on protection are followed by a topo-map of the source area showing the location of the source and indicating the proposed protection area/catchment.

<u>for springs</u> and smaller streams, the entire catchment is being proposed to be protected or future undersirable activities controlled.

For big rivers or irrigation canals both getting their waters from large watersheds, stretching over several Kabupatens, only the immediate distance upstream has been indicated for protection. The protection of the entire watershed is supposed to be of much more general interest than protection of the proposed intake only and thus to be the responsibility of the Governor.

For boreholes (wells) the protective area in hilly areas (slopes of volcanoes) is divided in two sub-areas

- a. the well's influence zone (for simplicity assumed as being circular)
- b. the well's catchment area consisting of the influence zone and the "upstream" area of the groundwater flow (see topography maps APPENDICES II.3.3 and II.13.2 for example).

The influence zone (a) shall be subject to both environmental protection and yield protection (resource conservation). Within the catchment area (b) only the environmental protection shall be implemented.

In flat or sub-flat areas with corresponding rather flat piezometric groundwater surface the protective area consists of the well's radial influence zone only.

4.2 Yield Protection

Protection of the yield has been proposed for all sources. Specially important is the yield protection of springs with yields at or close to the respective IKK's water demand and of the wells with equally low yields.

The protection of the spring's yield is rather simple by not granting additional water rights to the outflowing water. However, care shall be exercised not to permit exploitation of the groundwater (by f. ex. wells) close to the spring as this may deplete the yield of the spring considerably.

The protection of the yield of drilled wells shall be carried out by not permitting any other boreholes within a certain distance from the borehole or at least by demanding a hydrogeological evaluation of the impact the proposed drilling will have on the Project's well.

The "protective distance" has been set equal with the estimated zone of influence of the well. Two standard zones have been proposed: $R=500\,\mathrm{m}$ and $R=1000\,\mathrm{m}$ based on the results of the pumping test, the general hydrogeological conditions of the area and the IKK's present and possible future water demand.

4.3 Environmental Protection

<u>Intake site</u> shall be primarily protected against pollution by:

- waste waters or polluted water flowing into the intake chambers or seeping down along the casing of wells
- fuel and oils from gen-sets seeping into the intake structures or down to the aquifer
- entrance of animals

The surroundings of the intake structures or boreholes shall be equally subject to strict protection. Control must be exercised with all activities that may pollute the source.

Especially the following activities shall be prohibited or controlled:

- no storage of fuels, oils, tars, obnoxious chemicals, fertilizers or pesticides
- no garbage disposal sites
- no permanent, bigger installations of liquid fuel driven engines. Single, temporary installations shall have a special permit and be controlled for leakages of fuel.

The protection of entire catchment shall have both an immediate and a longsighted aim. Also here the following shall be observed.:

- no storage of fuels, oils, tars, harmfull chemicals, fertilizers or pesticides
- garbage disposal sites and sewerage systems shall have their impact evaluated before a <u>possible</u> permission be granted
- no extensive deforestation to control erosion
- mining activities (also of sand and gravel) shall be subject to environmental impact evaluation and permits
- controlled land use.

A very specific problem of groundwater catchment protection in coastal areas is the control of possible saline water intrusion as a result of overexploitation of the well itself or a more regional overexploitation. To monitor the possibility of such a development control measures in the form of frequent water quality checks have been proposed for the concerned IKKs.

4.4 Conclusion

The above discussion of the protective measures and explanation of the Appendices is intended as an input for the concerned authorities to prepare the necessary instructions and by-laws.

These acts shall be prepared for each source based on the data and the proposals given in this report and supplemented with comments and additional inputs by the enacting authorities.

It is proposed that after issuing the final edition of this report, detailed materials shall be prepared for each IKK in collaboration between the Client (PPSAB) the local and regional authorities, and the concerned Water Enterprises (PDAMs).

APPENDICES

- 1. Presentation of Environmental Information (PIL) and Protective Measures
- SPRINGS & TAPPING
- Presentation of Environmental Information and Protective Measures
- DRILLED WELLS
- III . Presentation of Environmental Information and Protective Measures
- SURFACE WATER SOURCES
- IV . Water Resources Protection Summary Sheets
- GENERAL INFORMATION

APPENDIX I

Presentation of Environmental Information (PIL) and Protective Measures

SPRINGS AND TAPPING

Presentation of Environmental Information (PIL) and Protective Measures

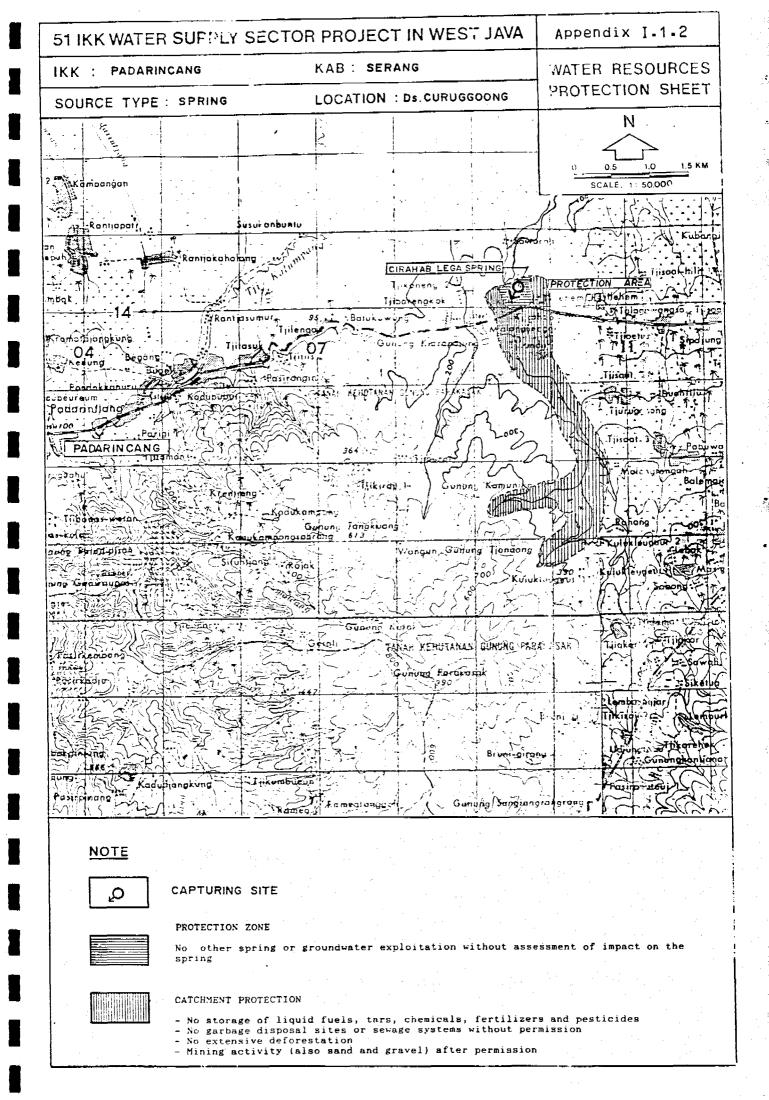
SPRINGS AND TAPPING

			Appendix
Kab.	Seran	g	
1.	1.01	Padarincang	I.1.1 - 1.2
Kab.	Sukab	umi	
2.	4.02	Cisolok	I.2.1 - 2.2
3.	4.06	Kalapanunggal	I.3.1 - 3.2
4.	4.08	Nagrak	1.4.1 - 4.2
	Cianj		
5.	5.04	Warungkondang	1.5.1 - 5.2
Kab.	Karaw	ang	
6.	6.04	Pangkalan	1.6.1 - 6.2
Kab.	Suban	g	
7.	7.01	Sagalaherang	1.7.1 - 7.2
8.	7.02	Jalan Cagak	1.7.1 - 7.2
9.	7.04	Cisalak	1.7.1 - 7.2
Kab.	Sumed	ang	
10.	8.02	Situraja	I.8.1 - 8.2

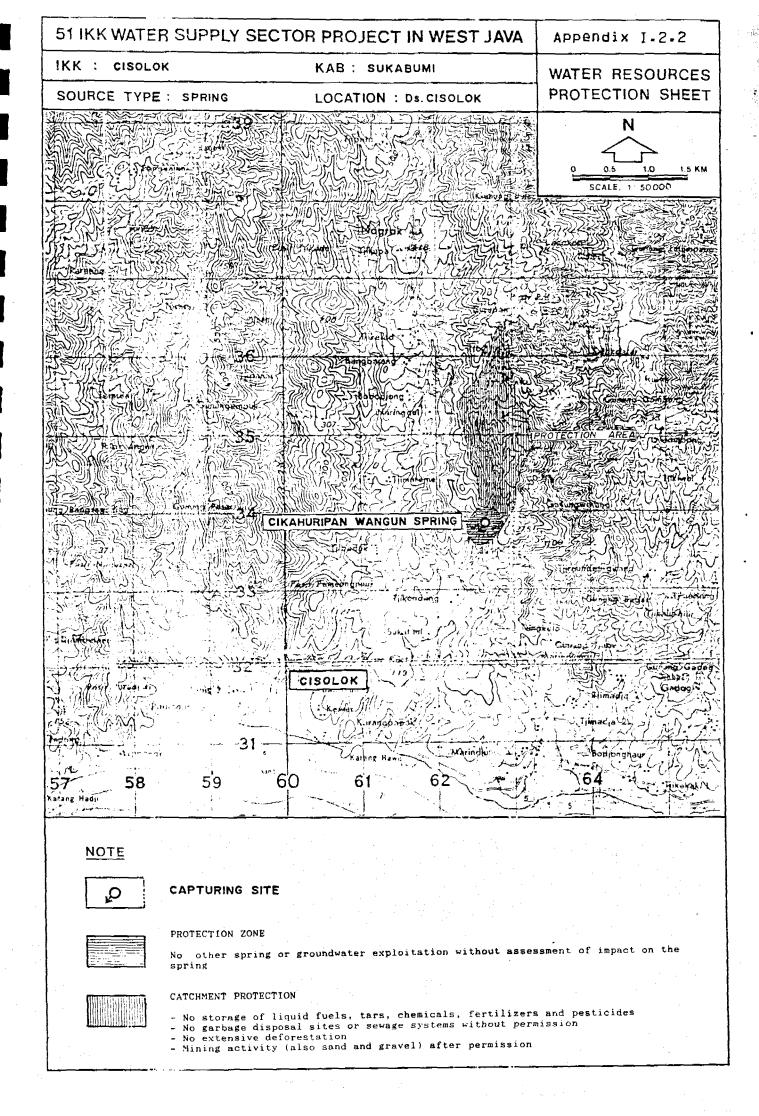
Appendix

Kab.	Tasik	malaya	
11.	9.06	Cikalong	1.9.1 - 9.2
12.	9.09	Pagerageung	1.10.1-10.2
13.	9.10	Leuwisari	I.11.1-11.2
14.	9.05	Cibalong	1.12.1-12.2
15.	9.04	Kawalu	1.13.1

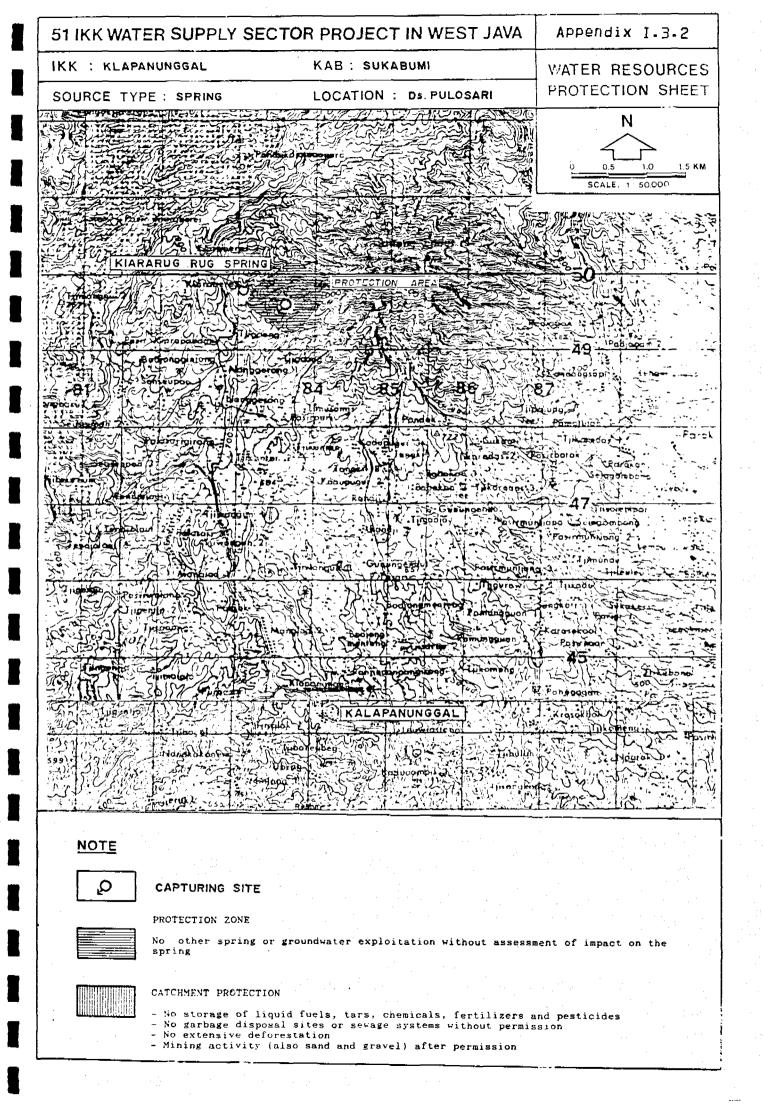
with IKKs demand , Responsibility of : Pemda

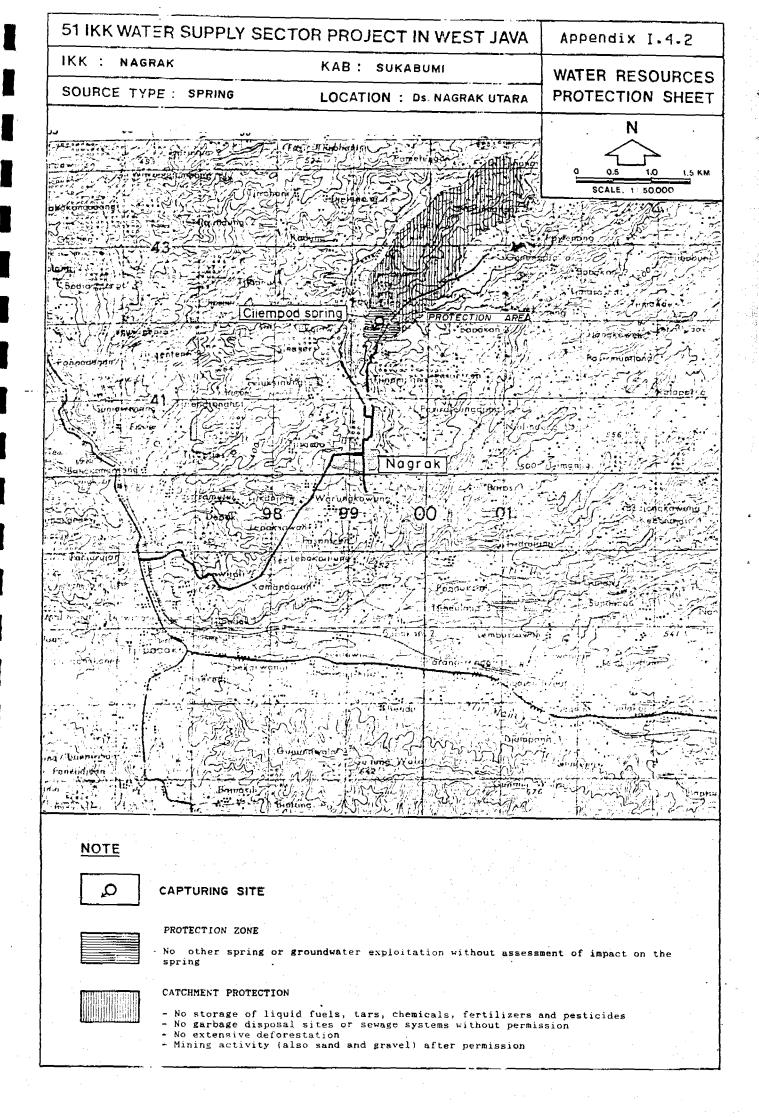


51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA)	
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL	
IKK : CISOLOK Kab. SUKABUMI Water Demand : 5	1/
A. GENERAL	; = =
1. Spring : Name : Cikahuripan Wangun	
Desa : Cisolok , Kampung : Ganesa	
- Yield : Max : Measured : 13.5 l/s, Design (calculated) 16 l/s	
Min Measured : 10.9 l/s, Design (calculated) 7 l/s	
- Type : Gravity x , Artesian _	
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN _ or genset _ , Gravity x	
3. Geology : Central Mountains volcanics and sediments	
4. Catchment (topographical): Area: 2.0 km ²	
- Morphology : Mountain slope	
- Cover : Soil, sandy-soil	
- Present environmental conditions : Rubber plantation, dense vegetati	on
- Sensitivity to pollution : Very sensitive	
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES	
1. Capturing : Surface run-off seeping into the intake	
2. Surrounding: Surface run-off seeping into the intake	
3. Catchment : <u>Deforestation</u> , <u>housing or industrial_development</u> , <u>dump</u> <u>sites</u>	
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS	
1. Environmental Protection	
- Capturing : Sanitary zone, proper design of drainage system	
, Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM)	
- Surroundings : No dumps of harmfull materials, controlled habitati	<u>on</u>
, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda	
- Catchment : No dumps of harmfull materials, no deforestation,	
controlled development , Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda, Perkebun	a <u>n</u>
2. Yield Protection: No other watering use than this project	
, Responsibility of : Pemda	
(See map overlea	f)

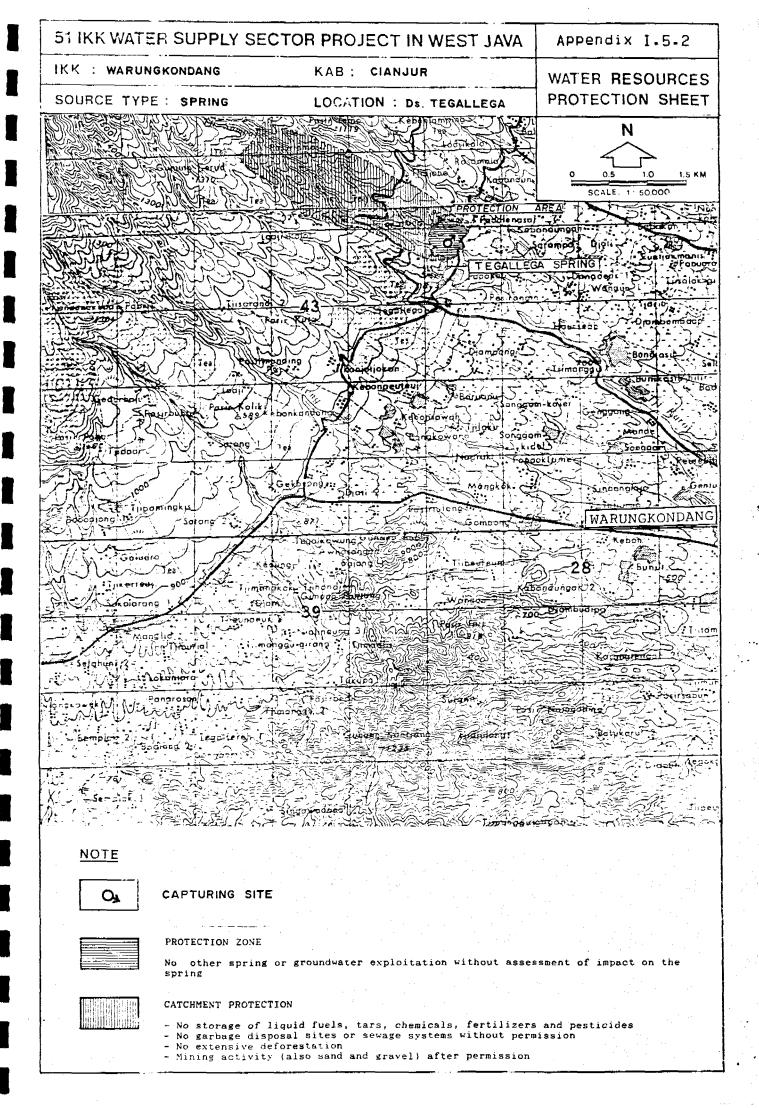


	TER RESOURCES PROTECTION ESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IK	K : KALAPANUNGGAL Kab. SUKABUMI Water Demand : 5 1/s
Ā.	GENERAL
1.	Spring: Name: Kiararugrug
	Desa : <u>Pulosari</u> , Kampung : <u>Cigoong</u>
	- Yield : Max : Measured : 30.00 l/s, Design (calculated) 36 l/s
	Min 4 Measured: 14.33 1/s, Design (calculated) 9 1/s
	- Type : Gravity x , Artesian _
2.	Extraction : Pumping by PLN _ or genset _ , Gravity x
з.	Geology : Young volcanics
4.	Catchment (topographical): Area: 1.0 km²
	- Morphology : Mid-slope of Endut mountain
	- Cover : Soil, sandy-soil
	- Present environmental conditions : Rice-fields, natural vegetation
	- Sensitivity to pollution : Not sensitive
в.	POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1.	Capturing : Surface water seepage into the capturing
2.	Surrounding: Surface water seepage into the capturing
3.	Catchment : Limited possibilities
c.	PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS
1.	Environmental Protection
	- Capturing : Sanitary zone, appropriate design drainage system
	, Responsibility of : <u>IKKs-unit (PDAM)</u>
	- Surroundings : Appropriate design drainage system
	, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
	- Catchment : No dumps of harmfull materials, controlled changes of
	<u>landuse</u> , Responsibility of : <u>Camat. Pemda</u>
2.	Yield Protection: No other exploitation of the source than this
	project , Responsibility of : Pemda
	(See map overleaf)





	TER RESOURCES PROTECTION ESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IK	K : WARUNGKONDANG Kab. CIANJUR Water Demand : 10 1/s
Α.	GENERAL
1.	Spring: Name: Tegallega
	Desa : Tegallega , Kampung : Cikabuyutan
	- Yield : Max : Measured : 100 l/s, Design (calculated) 125 l/s
	Min Measured : 80 1/s, Design (calculated) 60 1/s
	- Type : Gravity :x; , Artesian :_:
2.	Extraction : Pumping by PLN _ or genset _ , Gravity x
3.	Geology : Young volcanics
4.	Catchment (topographical): Area: 3.0 km²
	- Morphology: Lower slopes of the Pangrango volcano
	- Cover : Thick soil, sandy, clayey
	- Present environmental conditions : Tea-plant, habitation, vegetation
	- Sensitivity to pollution : <u>Sensitive</u>
В.	POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1.	Capturing : Surface run-off entering the capturing
2.	Surroundings: Surface run-off entering the capturing and cutting of vegetation
3.	Catchment : Changes of present land use, extensive use of pesticides and fentilizer
c.	PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS
1.	Environmental Protection
	- Capturing : Sanitary zone, proper design
	, Responsibility of : IKK-unit (PDAM)
	- Surroundings: No harmfull dumping, no exessive human activity
	, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
	- Catchment : No harmfull dumping, controlled future development,
	no stores of chemicals Responsibility of : Pemda
2.	Yield Protection: No other use of this part of spring than this
	project , Responsibility of : Pemda
	(See map overleaf)



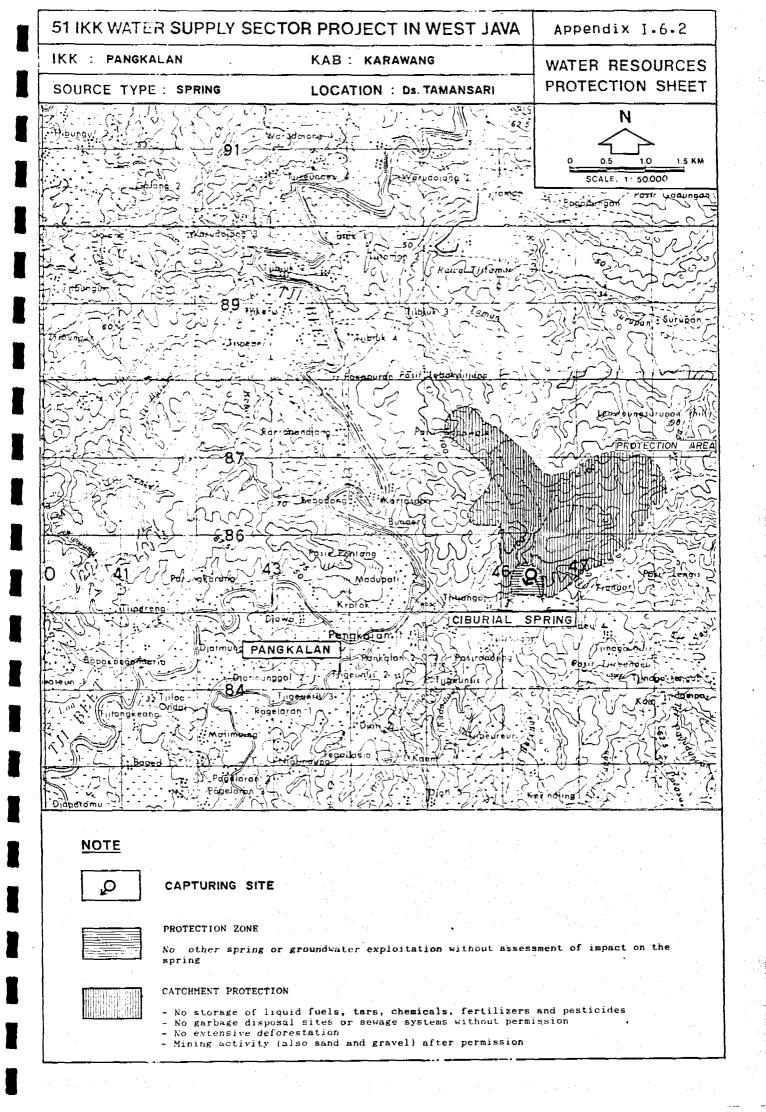
51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix I.6.1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : PANGKALAN Kab. KARAWANG Water Demand : 5 1/s
======================================
1. Spring : Name : Ciburial
Desa : Tamansari , Kampung : Ciburial
- Yield : Max : Measured : 50 1/s, Design (calculated) 65 1/s
Min ! Measured : 39.5 1/s, Design (calculated) 30 1/s
- Type : Gravity $ \underline{x} $, Artesian $ \underline{\ } $
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN $ \underline{x} $ or genset $ \underline{\cdot} $, Gravity $ \underline{\cdot} $
3. Geology : Limestone formation (karst)
4. Catchment (topographical): Area: 3.5 km²
- Morphology : <u>Dispersed hill</u>
- Cover : Soil, limestone
- Present environmental conditions : Habitation, natural vegetation
- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive (kavstic area)
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Capturing : Surface run-off entering the capturing, flooding by river
2. Surrounding : Surface run-off entering the capturing, flooding by river human activities (washing, defecation)
3. Catchment : From habitation, possible dumping of harmfull materials
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS
1. Environmental Protection
- Capturing : Sanitary zone, appropriate structure design system
, Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: Controlled human activity, no storage of harmfull
materials , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda

- Catchment : No dumps of harmfull materials, controlled land use

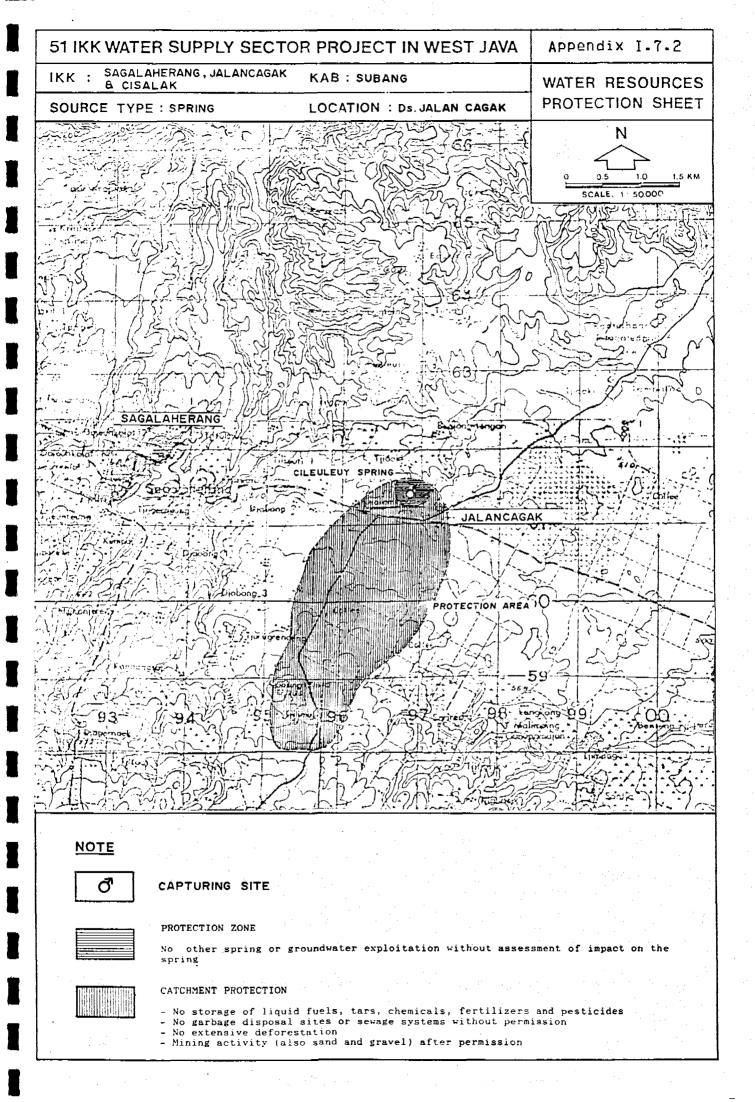
2. Yield Protection: Other consumption only after permission

Responsibility of : Pemda

Responsibility of : Pemda



Appendix I.7.1 51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA)
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL IKK : SAGALAHERANG, JALAN CAGAK
CISALAK Kab. SUBANG Water Demand: 10+20+10 1/s
A. GENERAL
1. Spring: Name: Cileuleuy
Desa : <u>Jalan Cagak</u> , Kampung : <u>Cileuleuy</u>
- Yield : Max : Measured : l/s, Design (calculated) l/s
Min ! Measured : 250 l/s, Design (calculated) 150 l/s
- Type : Gravity $ x $, Artesian $ x $
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN $ \underline{x} $ or genset $ \underline{\cdot} $, Gravity $ \underline{\cdot} $
3. Geology : Young volcanic, lava flows
4. Catchment (topographical): Area: 4.0 km²
- Morphology : Lower slopes of northern Tangkuban Parahu volcano
- Cover : Soils, Lava flow blocks
- Present environmental conditions: Tea plantation, natural vegetation gardens, habitation
- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Capturing : Seepage around the captation bricks.
2. Surroundings: From habitation, from polluted waters in the ponds
3. Catchment : <u>Habitation, possible future dumping of harmfull materials</u>
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS
1. Environmental Protection
- Capturing : Sanitary zone, appropriate design system.
, Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: Control of ponds, no store of chemicals
, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : No store of chemicals, control of development of the
area , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2. Yield Protection: Control with other consumption of water conflicting
with IKKs demand . Responsibility of : Pemda



<u>51</u>	IKK Water Supply	Appendix I.8.1 Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA)
	TER RESOURCES PRO	OTECTION VIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IK!	••	Kab. SUMEDANG Water Demand: 10. 1/s
	GENERAL	
1.	Spring : Name Desa	Haurkuning , Kampung : Jelegong
	- Yield : Max	Measured: 325 1/s, Design (calculated) 380 1/s
	Min	Measured: 285 1/s, Design (calculated) 160 1/s
	- Type : Grav	x , Artesian
2.	Extraction : I	Pumping by PLN $ \underline{\cdot} $ or genset $ \underline{\cdot} $, Gravity $ \underline{x} $
3.	Geology : Sprin	ng flowing from young volcanics lava flow
4.	Catchment (topos	(raphical): Area: 2 km²
	- Morphology : I	ower slopes of the Slamet volcano, rolling
	- Cover : I	Lava flow block, vegetation, habitation
	- Present enviro	onmental conditions: Housing, main road, ponds, irrigation canal
	- Sensitivity to	pollution : Very sensitive
в.	POLLUTION POSSIE	SILITIES
1.	Capturing : Su	rface water inflow into the capturing
2.		com nearby habitation, from the polluted water in the
3.		K habitation, road accidents, possible storage of emical.
c.	PROTECTION RECOM	ENDATIONS
1.	Environmental Pr	otection
	- Capturing :	Sanitary zone, proper design , Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM)
	- Surroundings :	Regulation against excessive use of the pond for washing, control habitation , Responsibility of : Camat, Pengairan

: No storage of harmfull materials, controlled

, Responsibility of : Pemda, Pengairan

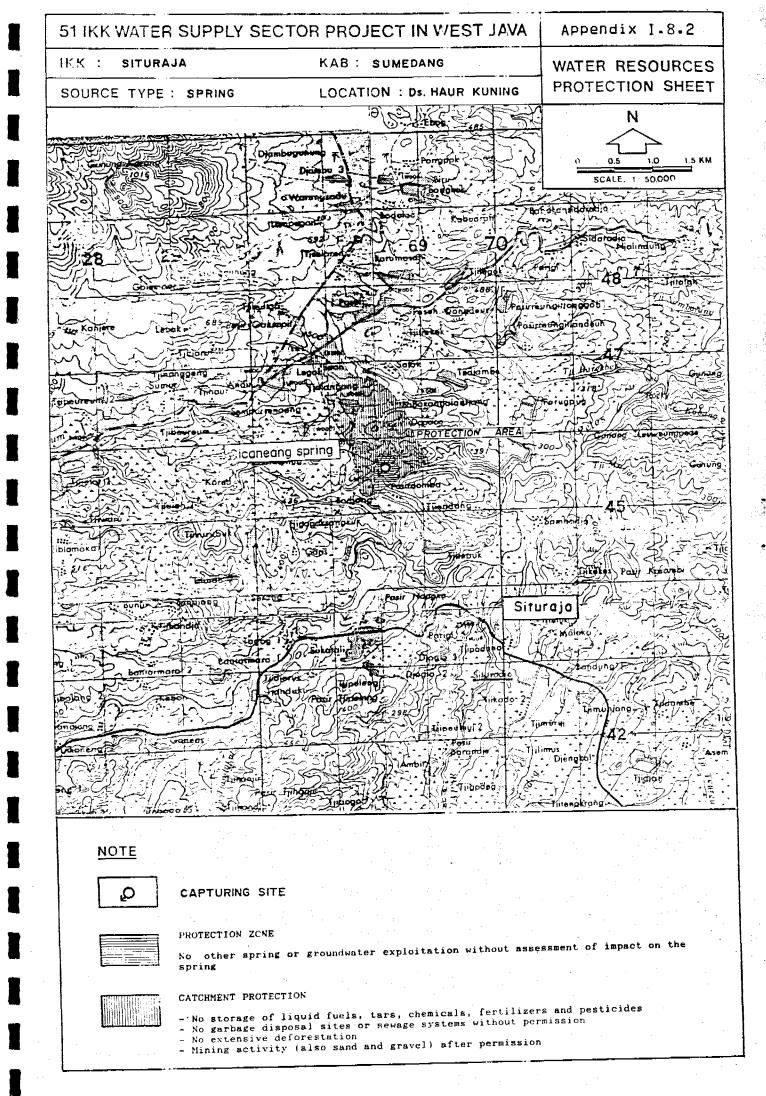
___, Responsibility of : Pemda, Pengairan

development of area (industry etc.)

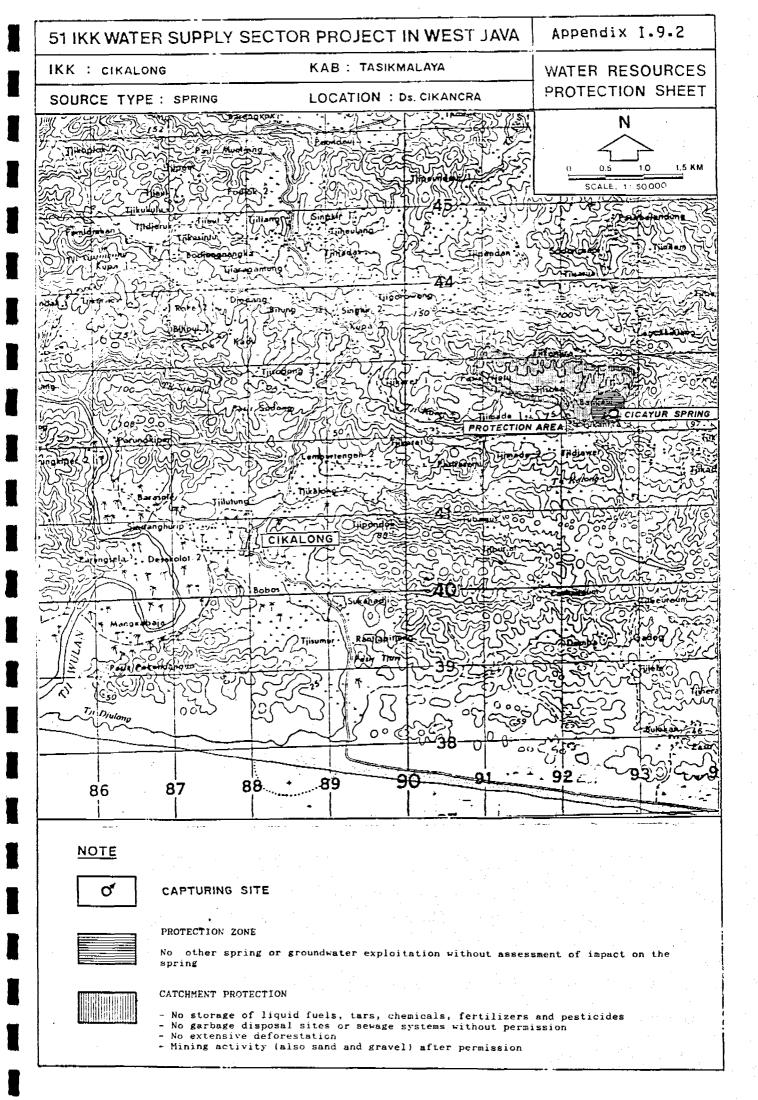
2. Yield Protection: Controlled use of spring for other purposes than

existing uses.

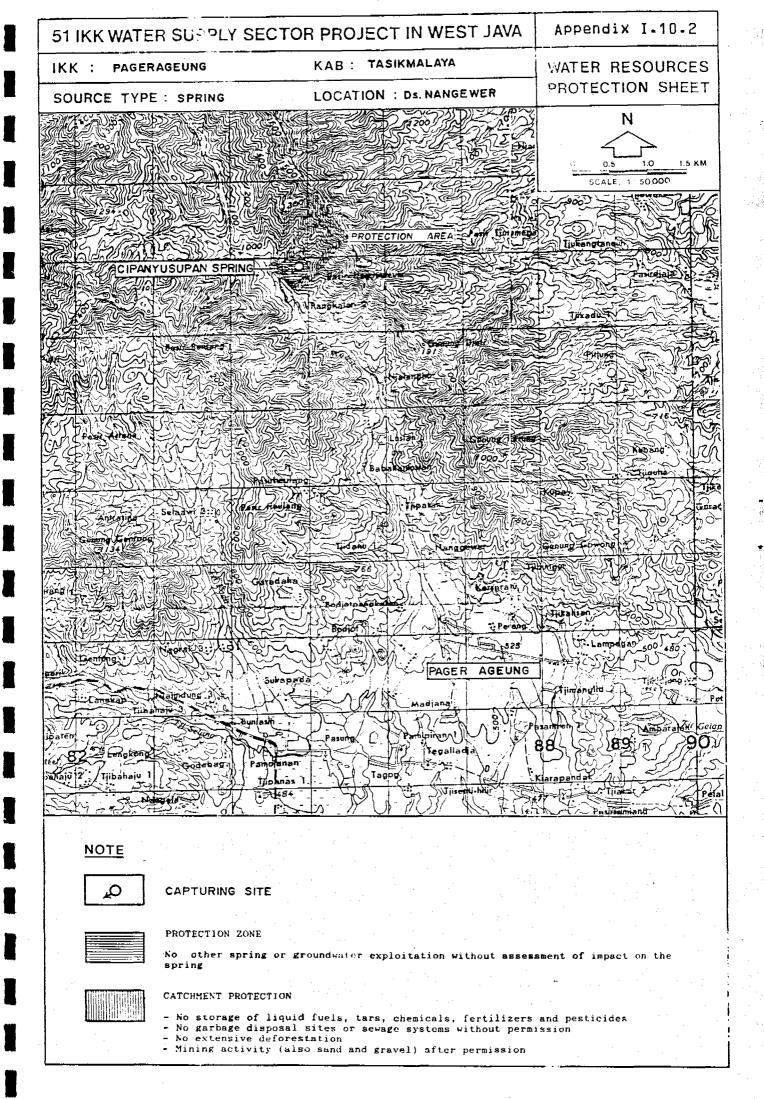
- Catchment



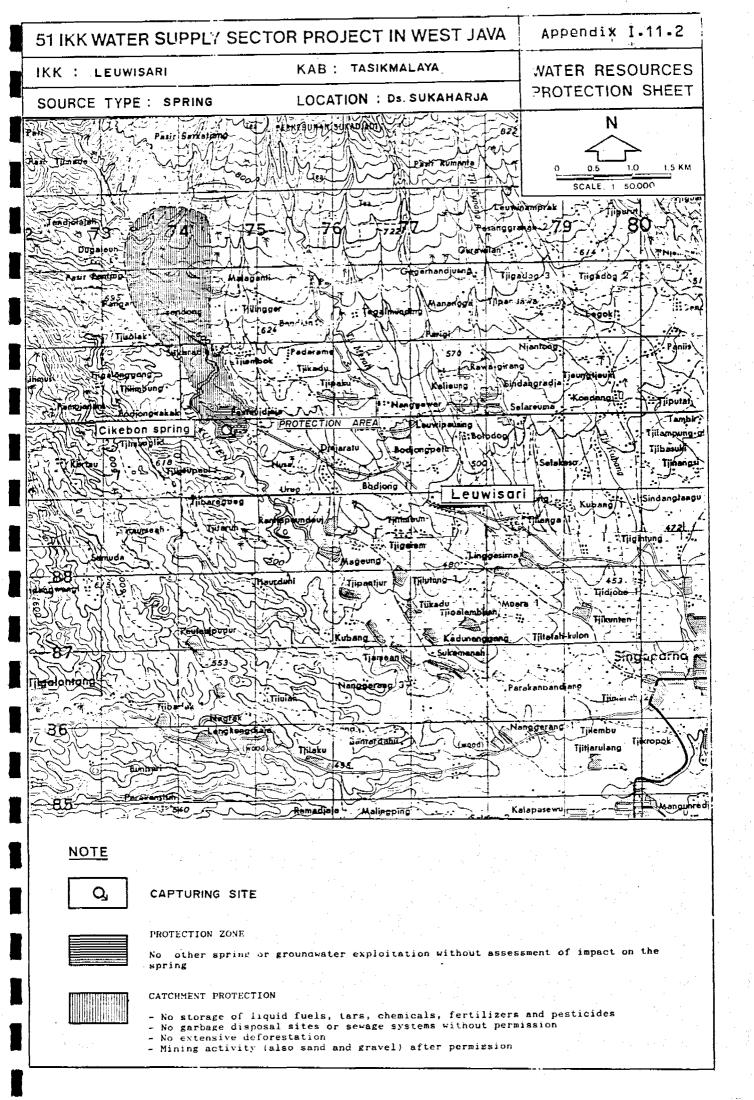
	ER RESOURCES PROTECTION SENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK	: CIKALONG Kab. TASIKMALAYA Water Demand : 10 1/s
Α.	GENERAL
1.	Spring: Name: Cicayur
	Desa : <u>Cikancra</u> , Kampung : <u>Cijawer</u>
·	- Yield : Max : Measured : 14.28 1/s, Design (calculated) 18 1/s
	Min Measured : 12.00 l/s, Design (calculated) 8 l/s
	- Type : Gravity x , Artesian _
2.	Extraction : Pumping by PLN $ x $ or genset $ x $, Gravity $ x $
3.	Geology : Hilly limestone area
4.	Catchment (topographical): Area: 2.0 km²
	- Morphology : <u>Dispersed hill</u>
	- Cover : Soil, clay, volcanic-tuff
	- Present environmental conditions : Natural vegetation
	- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive
	POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
	Capturing : Surface run-off entering the structure
2.	Surrounding: Surface run-off entering the structure
3.	Catchment: Pesticedes, storage of chemical, uncontrolled devlp.
c. :	PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS
1.	Environmental Protection
	- Capturing : Sanitary zone, proper (rigid) design
	, Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM)
	- Surroundings: No dumps of harmfull materials, controlled habitation
	, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
	- Catchment : No surface of chemicals, control of develop of the
	area , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2.	Yield Protection: No other water use than this project
=	, Responsibility of : Pemda
	(See map overleaf)



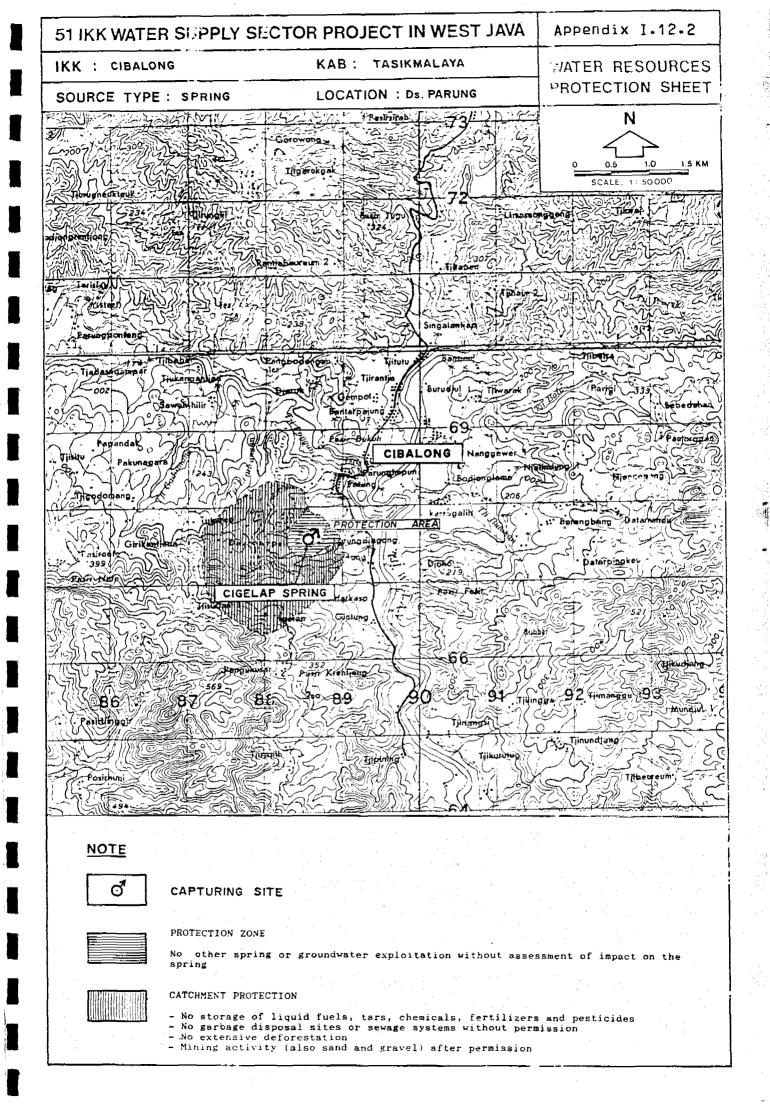
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK: PAGERAGEUNG Kab. TASIKMALAYA Water Demand: 10 1/s
1. Spring : Name : Cipanyusupan
Desa : Nangewer , Kampung : Pangkalan
- Yield : Max : Measured : 25.0 l/s, Design (calculated) 30 l/s
Min : Measured : 14.4 l/s, Design (calculated) 9 l/s
- Type : Gravity x , Artesian _
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN _ or genset _ , Gravity $ \underline{x} $
3. Geology : Young Volcanics
4. Catchment (topographical): Area: 1.5 km²
- Morphology : Slope of mountain-ridge
- Cover : Thick soil
- Present environmental conditions : Forrest vegetation
- Sensitivity to pollution : <u>Very sensitive</u>
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Capturing : Polluted surface run-off entering the capturing
2. Surroundings: Polluted surface run-off entering the capturing
3. Catchment : Deforestation, storage of harmfull materials
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS
1. Environmental Protection
- Capturing : Sanitary zone, proper design of drainage system
, Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM), Kehutanan
- Surroundings: No exessive habitation, no vegetation cutting
, Responsibility of : Pemda, Kehutanan
- Catchment : No deforestation, controlled are development, no
dumps , Responsibility of : Pemda, Kehutanan
2. Yield Protection: No other water use than this project
, Responsibility of : Pemda

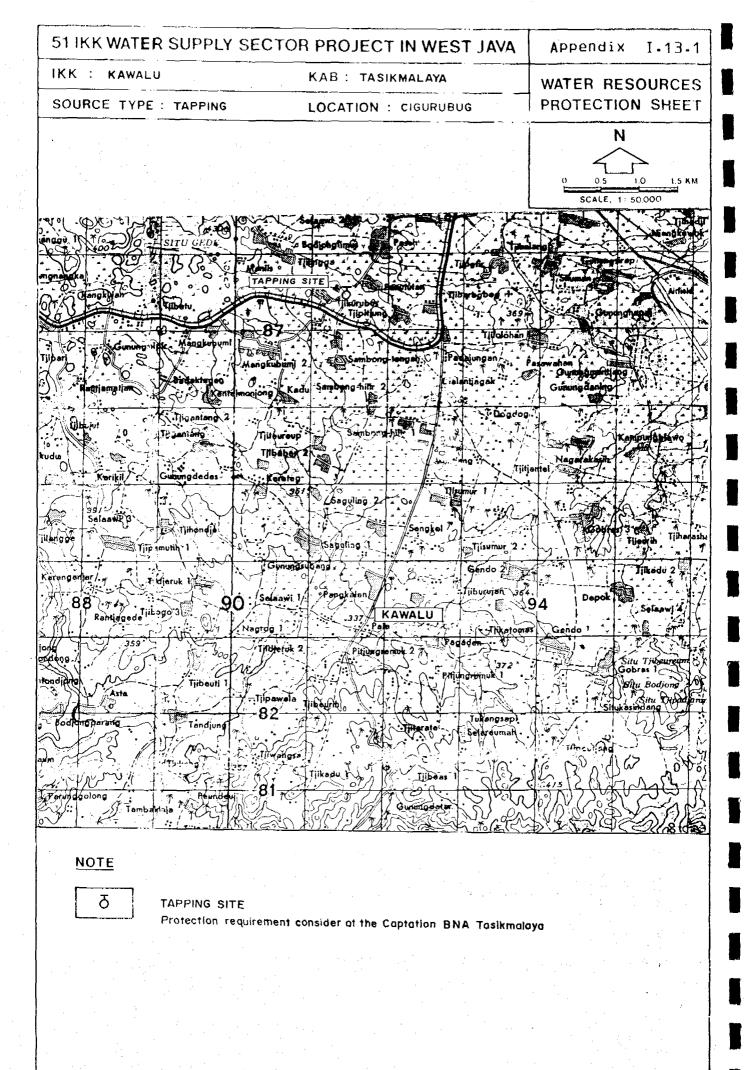


WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION PIL
IKK : LEUWISARI Kab. TASIKMALAYA Water Demand : 10 1/s
A. GENERAL
1. Spring : Name : Cikebon
Desa : <u>Sukaharja</u> , Kampung : <u>Cikoneng</u>
- Yield : Max : Measured : 22.23 l/s, Design (calculated) 27 l/s
Min: Measured: 19.0 1/s, Design (calculated) 11 1/s
- Type : Gravity x , Artesian _
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN or genset , Gravity x
3. Geology: Spring flowing from young volcanics breccia
4. Catchment (topographical): Area: 3.0 km ²
- Morphology : Mountain slopes, hilly areas
- Cover : Thick soil, sandy-soil
- Present environmental conditions : Vegetation, spread housing, rice-fields
- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Capturing : Surface water entering the capturing
2. Surroundings: Surface water entering the capturing, human activity (washing, defecation) storage of chemicals
3. Catchment : <u>Deforestation</u> , <u>dump sites</u> , <u>uncontrolled land use</u> (industry etc.)
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS
1. Environmental Protection
- Capturing : Sanitary zone, proper design of drainage system, Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: No dumps of harmfull material, controlled human activity, Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : No deforestation, no dump sites, controlled land use, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2. Yield Protection: No other water use than this project
(See map overleaf)



	TER RESOURCES PROTECTION ESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IK:	K : CIBALONG Kab. TASIKMALAYA Water Demand : 5 1/s
	Spring: Name: Cigelap
	Desa : Parung , Kampung : Cinangsi
٠.	- Yield : Max : Measured : 23 1/s, Design (calculated) 28 1/s
	Min Measured : 16 1/s, Design (calculated) 10 1/s
	- Type : Gravity $\{\underline{x}\}$, Artesian $\{\underline{x}\}$
	Extraction : Pumping by PLN $ \underline{\cdot} $ or genset $ \underline{\cdot} $, Gravity $ \underline{x} $
3.	Geology: Limestone formation
4.	Catchment (topographical): Area: 3.0 km ²
	- Morphology: Slopes of the Southern Mountain Range
	- Cover : Clayey, soils, sawahs, grassland, natural vegetation
	- Present environmental conditions : <u>Vegatation</u> , <u>rice-field</u> , <u>spread</u> housing
	- Sensitivity to pollution : Quite sensitive
в.	POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1.	Capturing : Surface water seepage into the intake
2.	Surroundings: From habitation, from polluted water in the ponds
3.	Catchment: Uncontrolled habitation, development dumping of harmfull materials
c.	PROTECTION RECOMENDATIONS
1.	Environmental Protection
	- Capturing : Sanitary zone, appropriate design
	, Responsibility of : <u>IKKs-unit (PDAM)</u>
	- Surroundings : Control with use of the ponds, no storage of
	chemicals , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
	- Catchment : No dump sites, controlled area development
	, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2.	Yield Protection: No other additional water use than this project
	, Responsibility of : Pemda





APPENDIX II

Presentation of Environmental Information (PIL) and Protective Measures

DRILLED WELLS

APPENDIX II

Presentation of Environmental Information (PIL) and Protective Measures

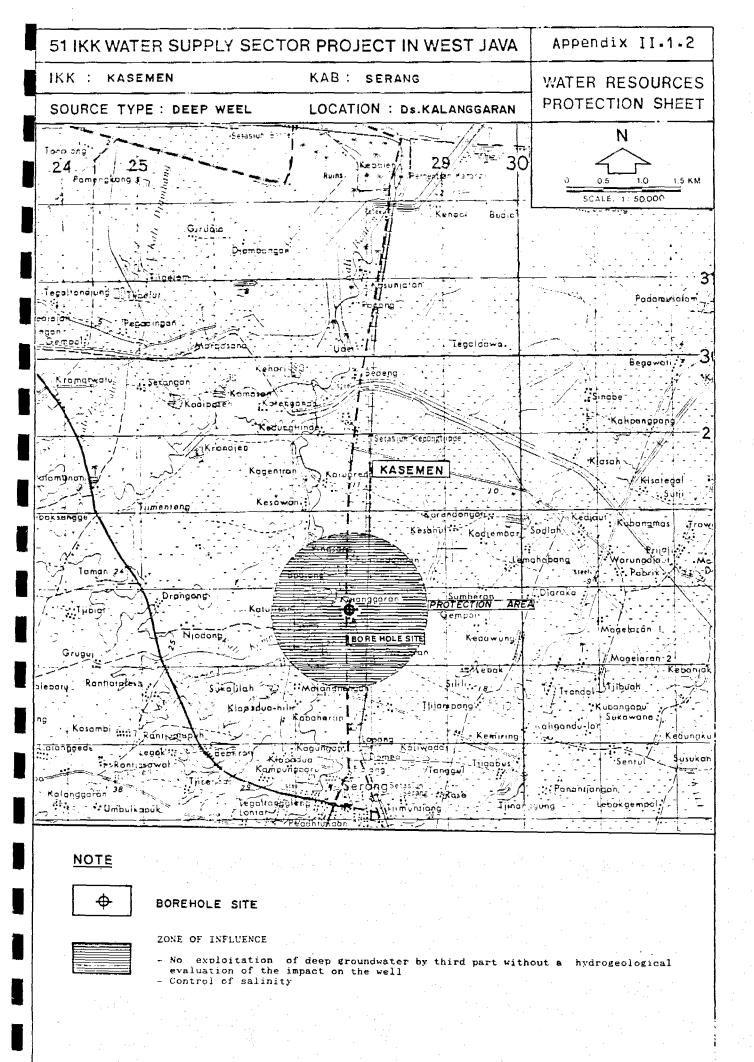
DRILLED WELLS

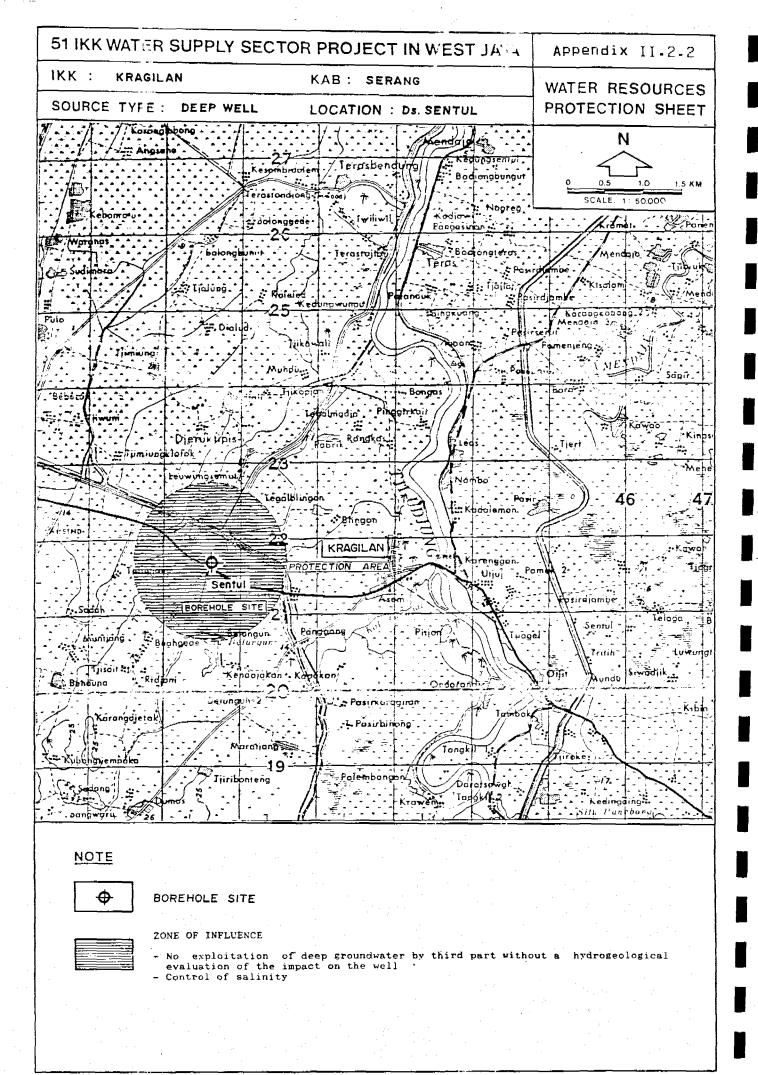
			Appendix
Kab.	Seran	g	
1.	1.02	Kasemen	II.1.1 - 1.2
2.	1.04	Kragilan	11.2.1 - 2.2
3.	1.07	Ciomas	11.3.1 - 3.2
4.	1.08	Pabuaran	11.3.1 - 3.2
5.	1.09	Walantaka	II.4.1 - 4.2
6.	1.10	Pamarayan	11.5.1 - 5.2
Kab.	Lebak		
7.	3.07	Warunggunung	11.6.1 - 6.2
Kab.	Cianj	u r	
8.	5.07	Bojong Picung	11.7.1 - 7.2
Kab.	Karaw	ang	
9.	6.07	Lemahabang	II.8.1 - 8.3
Kab.	Suban	₽	
			77.01.00
10.	7.03	Binong	II.9.1 - 9.3
11.	7.05	Kalijati	11.10.1-10.3
12.	7.07	Compreng	II.11.1-11.2
13.	7-09	Cipunegara	II.12.1-12.2

Kab.	Sumeda	ng	
14.	8.01	Cimalaka	II.13.1-13.2
15.	8.03	Paseh	II.14.1-14.2
Kab.	Tasikm	7	
16.	9.06	Cikalong	II.15.1-15.2
Kab.	Garut		
17.	11.01	Karangpawitan	II.16.1-16.3
18.	11.02	Cisurupan	II.17.1-17.3
19.	11.03	Banyuresmi	II.18.1-18.2
20.	11.04	Leuwigoong	II.18.1-18.2

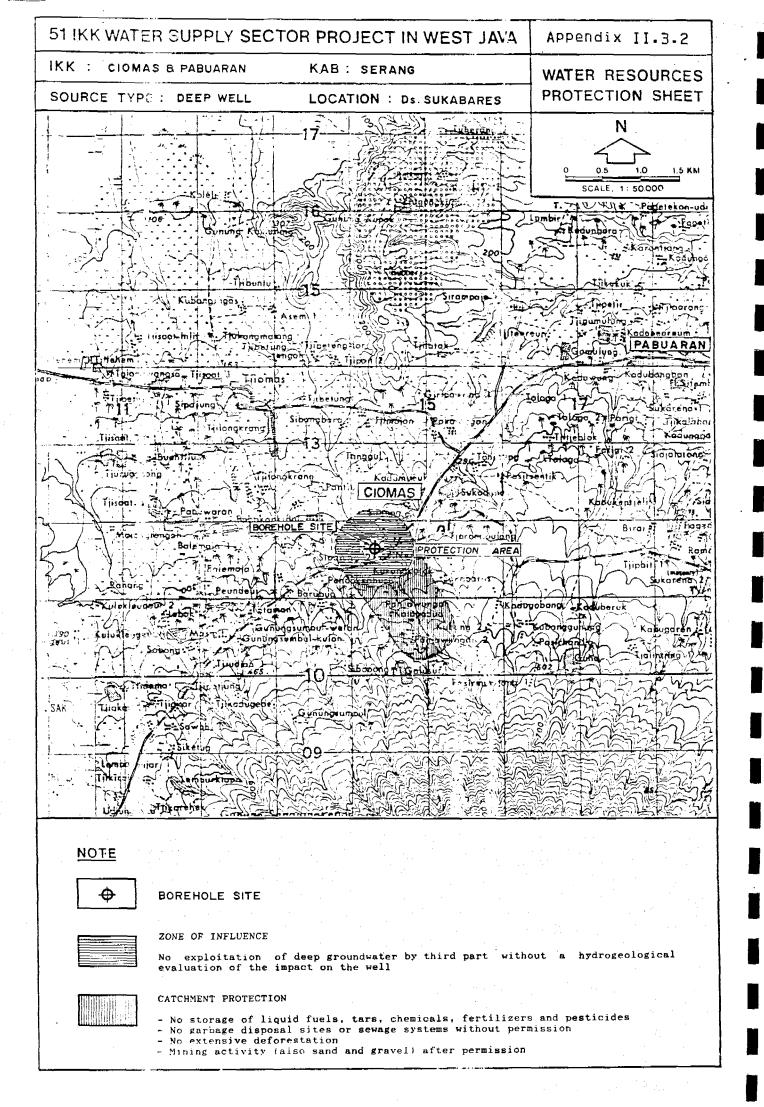
2. Yield Protection: No other boreholes in a radius of 1.000 m, without assessment of impact on the well.

______, Responsibility of : Pemda

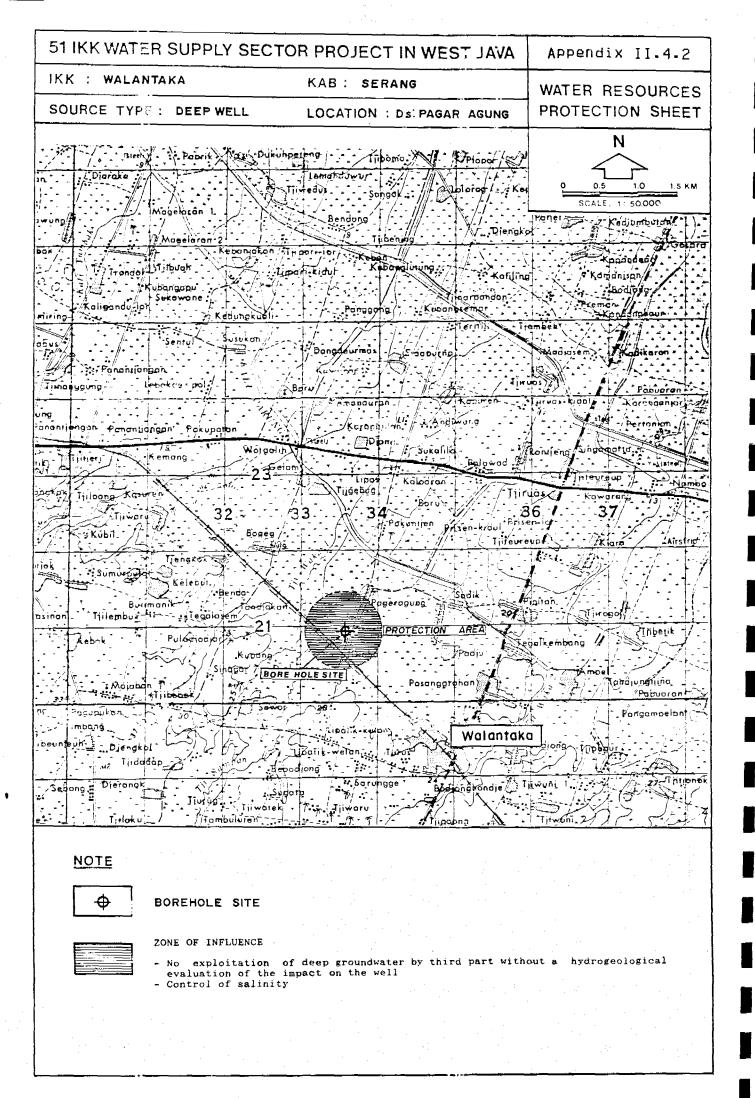




51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix II.3.1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : CIOMAS & PABUARAN Kab. : SERANG Water Demand : 5 + 5 1/s
A. GENERAL
1. Borehole : Ciomas
Desa: Sukaberes Kampung: Nengger
- Depth: Drilled 51 m, Equipped 50 m, Grout seal 12 m deep
- Recommended yield: 10 1/s, estimated , pump test x
- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2. Geology: Young volcanic, dissected slopes of the Karang volcano
3. Aquifer type : Confined , Depth(s) 24-27,30-33, 41-44, 45-48 m
4. Protection cover: Lithology none Tot. thickness m
5. Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) 2.2 km ²
- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 \text{ m}$, Area 0.8 km^2
- Present environmental conditions : Wooded areas; plantations, spread housing
- Sensitivity to pollution : Very sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2. Surroundings: Habitation, use of pesticides and fertilizers
3. Catchment : Overuse of pesticides, harmfull future industrial activity (if any), deforestation
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
- Well site : Sanitary zone (r = 5 m), proper drainage of well-head area , Responsibility of : IKKs unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: No dumps of harmfull materials, limited use of pesticide and fertilizer
, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : No harmfull industrial activities, no storage of chemicals, no deforestation
, Responsibility of : Pemda, Camat
2. Yield Protection: No other boreholes in a radius of 500 m, without assessment of impact on the well , Responsibility of: Pemda
(see map overleaf)

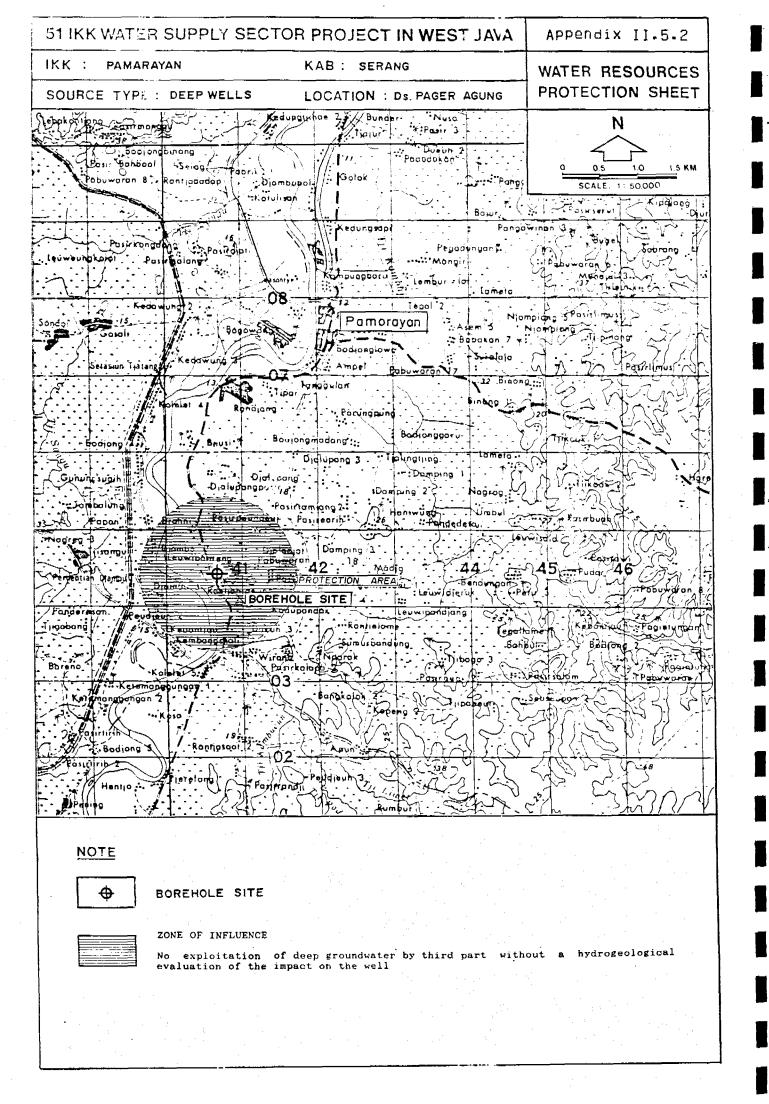


<u>51</u>	IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix II.4.1
	TER RESOURCES PROTECTION ESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
==:	K : WALANTAKA Kab. : SERANG Water Demand : 5 1/s
1.	Borehole : Walantaka
	Desa : <u>Pager Ageung</u> Kampung : <u>Jeha</u>
	- Depth: Drilled 120 m, Equipped 115 m, Grout seal 15 m deep
	- Recommended yield: 10 1/s, estimated , pump test x
	- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2.	Geology: Flat area (Banten tuff)
3.	Aquifer type : <u>Unconfined</u> , Depth(s) <u>23-35</u> , <u>52-55</u> , <u>61-73</u> , <u>97-109</u> m
4.	Protection cover: Lithology None Tot. thickness m
5.	Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) $0.8~\mathrm{km^2}$
	- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 \text{ m}$, Area 0.8 km^2
	- Present environmental conditions : Rice-field, spread housing
	- Sensitivity to pollution : Very sensitive
В.	POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1.	Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes, infiltration
2.	Surroundings: Wet-rice fields, habitation
3.	Catchment : Pesticides, uncontrolled development, storage of chemicals
C.	PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1.	Environmental Protection
	- Well site :Sanitary zone (r = 5 m), proper drainage of well-head area , Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM)
	- Surroundings : No depots of harmfull materials, no excessive build activity, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
	- Catchment : No depots of harmfull materials, no uncontrolled industrial development , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2.	Yield Protection: No other boreholes in a radius of 500 m, without assessment of impact on the well. , Responsibility of: Pemda

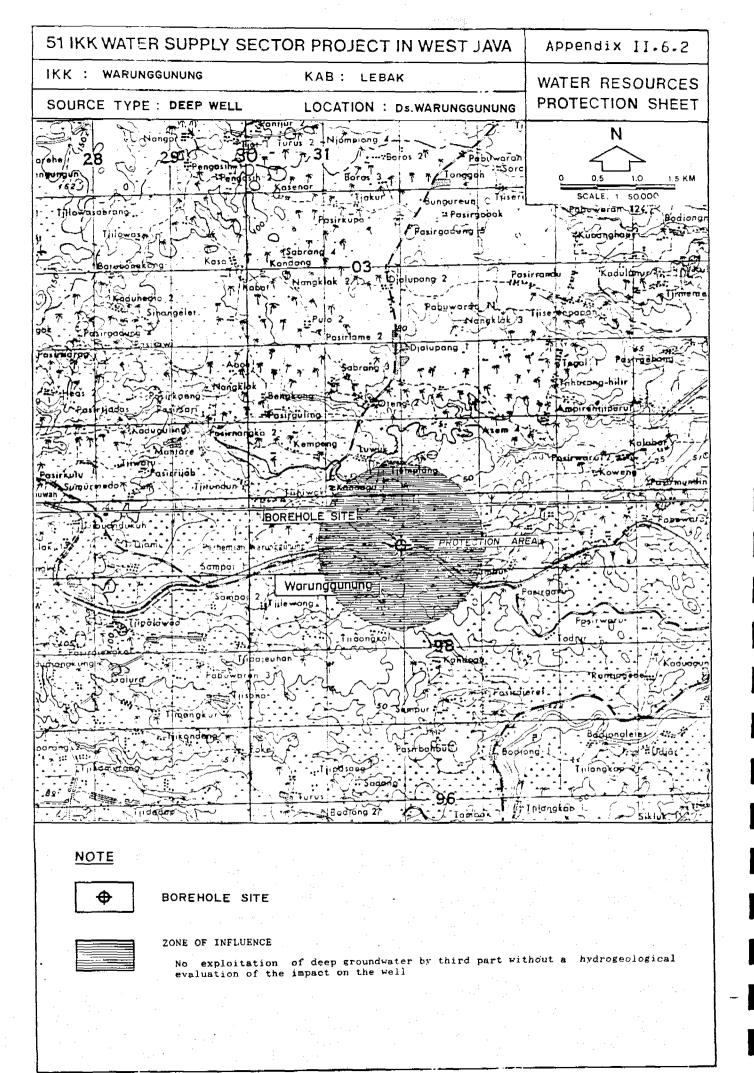


of the water buppry bector froject - west bava (bantba)
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : PAMARAYAN Kab. : SERANG Water Demand : 10 1/
A. GENERAL
1. Borehole : Pamarayan
Desa: Sangiang Kampung: Leuwibanteng
- Depth: Drilled 165 m, Equipped 152 m, Grout seal 25 m deep
- Recommended yield: 10 1/s, estimated pump test x
- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2. Geology: Flat bottom of alluvial valley (Banten tuff)
3. Aquifer type: <u>Unconfined</u> , Depth(s) <u>33-39</u> , <u>94-100</u> , <u>106-112</u> , <u>134-146</u>
4. Protection cover: Lithology clay Tot. thickness 18 r
5. Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) 3.5 km²
- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 1,000 \text{ m}$, Area 3.2 km^2
- Present environmental conditions: Rice-field, spread housing
- Sensitivity to pollution : Not sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2. Surroundings: Present and future agricultural activity, storage of chemicals
3. Catchment : Harmfull future industrial activity (remote possibility ?)
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
- Well site : Sanitary zone(r = 5 m), proper drainage of well-head area , Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM).
- Surroundings: No depots of harmfull materials, no excessive building activity, Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : Controlled development (if any), Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2. Yield Protection: No other deep production boreholes in radius of 1,000 m, without assessment of impact on the well. , Responsibility of: Pemda

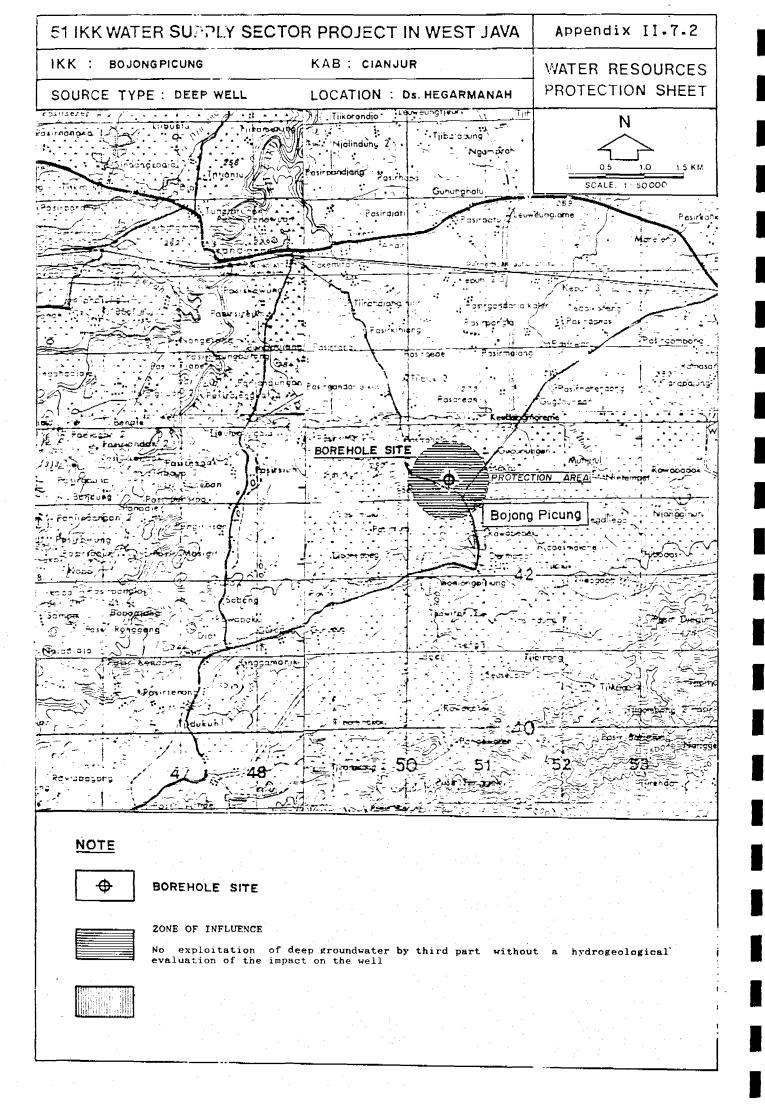
Appendix II-5-1

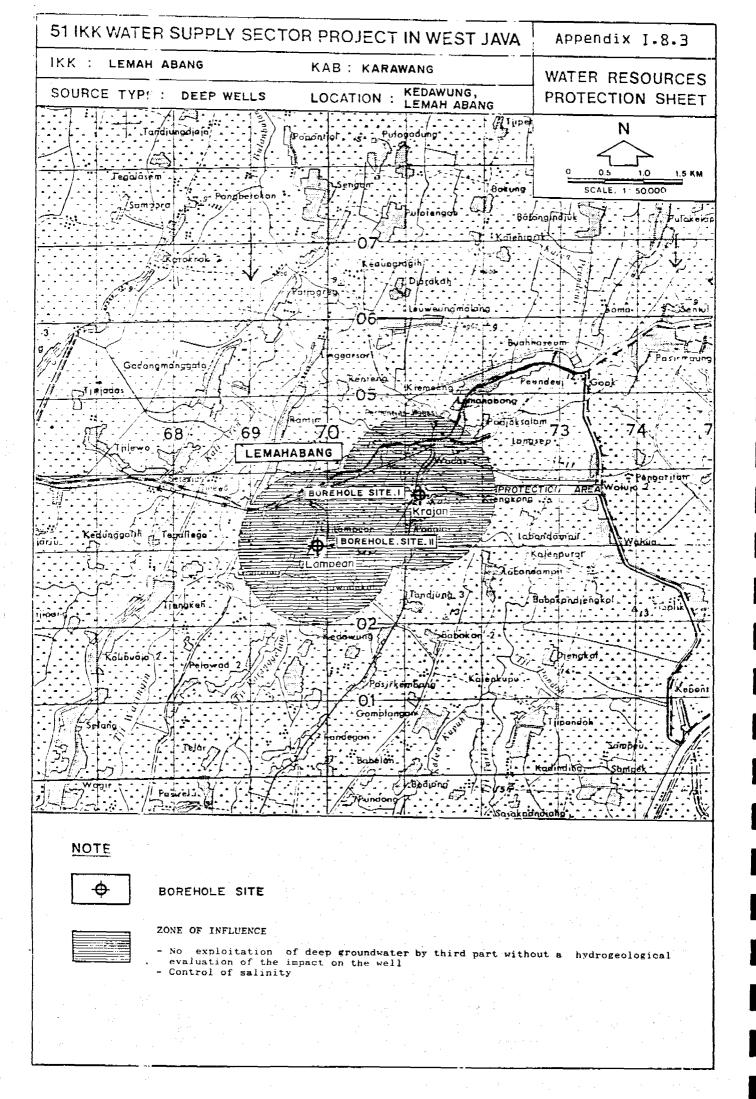


- - Surroundings : No excessive build activity, no depots of harmfull materials, Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
 - Catchment : No dumps of harmfull materials _____, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
- Yield Protection: No other deep wells in a radius of 1,000 m, without assessment of the impact on the well , Responsibility of : Pemda

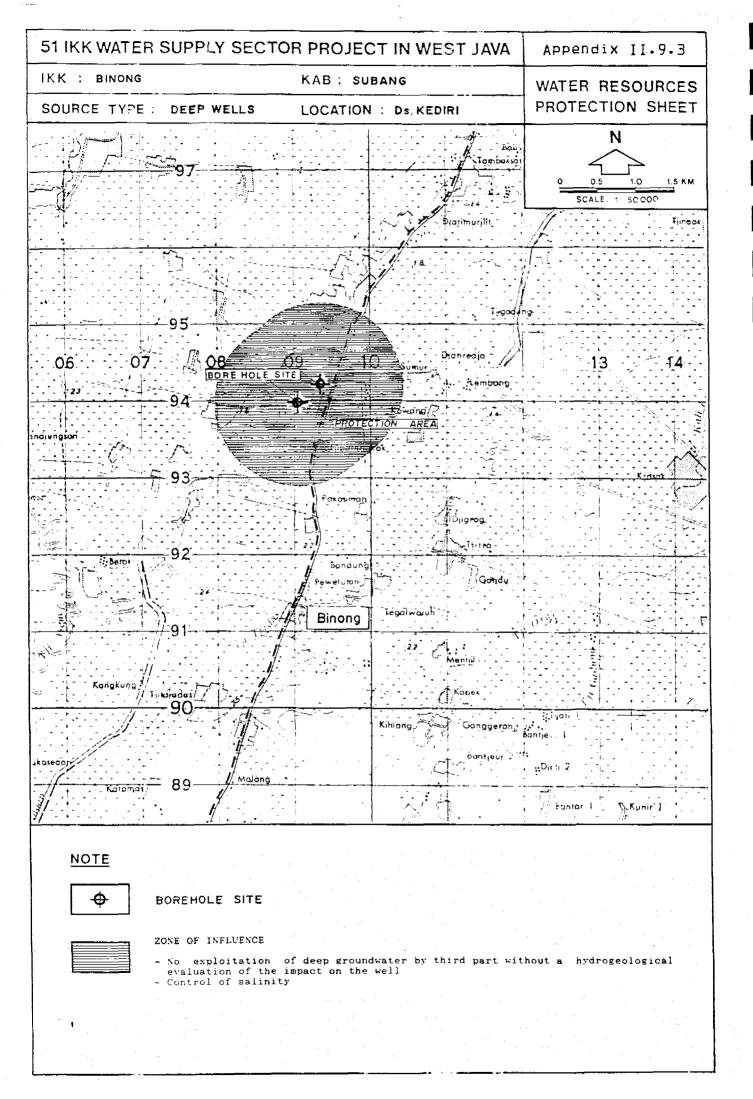


51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix II-7-1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : BOJONG PICUNG Kab. : CIANJUR Water Demand : 5 1/s
1. Borehole : Bojong Picung
Desa: <u>Hegarmanah</u> Kampung: <u>Sukamanah</u>
- Depth : Drilled 105 m , Equipped 86.5 m , Grout seal 25 m deep
- Recommended yield: 2.5 1/s, estimated $ \cdot $, pump test $ x $
- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2. Geology: Flat area, undifferentiated young volcanic
3. Aquifer type : <u>Unconfined</u> , Depth(s) <u>37-43</u> , <u>56-65</u> , <u>77-80</u> m
4. Protection cover: Lithology claystone, clay Tot. thickness 4 m
5. Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) $\frac{1}{2}$
- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 \text{ m}$, Area 0.8 km^2
- Present environmental conditions: rice-field, spread housing, irrigation canals
- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2. Surroundings: From habitation, irrigation canals
3. Catchment : Wet rice-fields, industrial Land use in the future
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
- Well site : Sanitary zone (r = 5 m), proper drainage of well-head area , Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: No excessive building activity, no depots of chemicals , Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : No harmfull industrial disposal, depots of harmfull materials , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2. Yield Protection: No other boreholes in a radius of 500 m without assessment of the impact on the well Responsibility of: Pemda

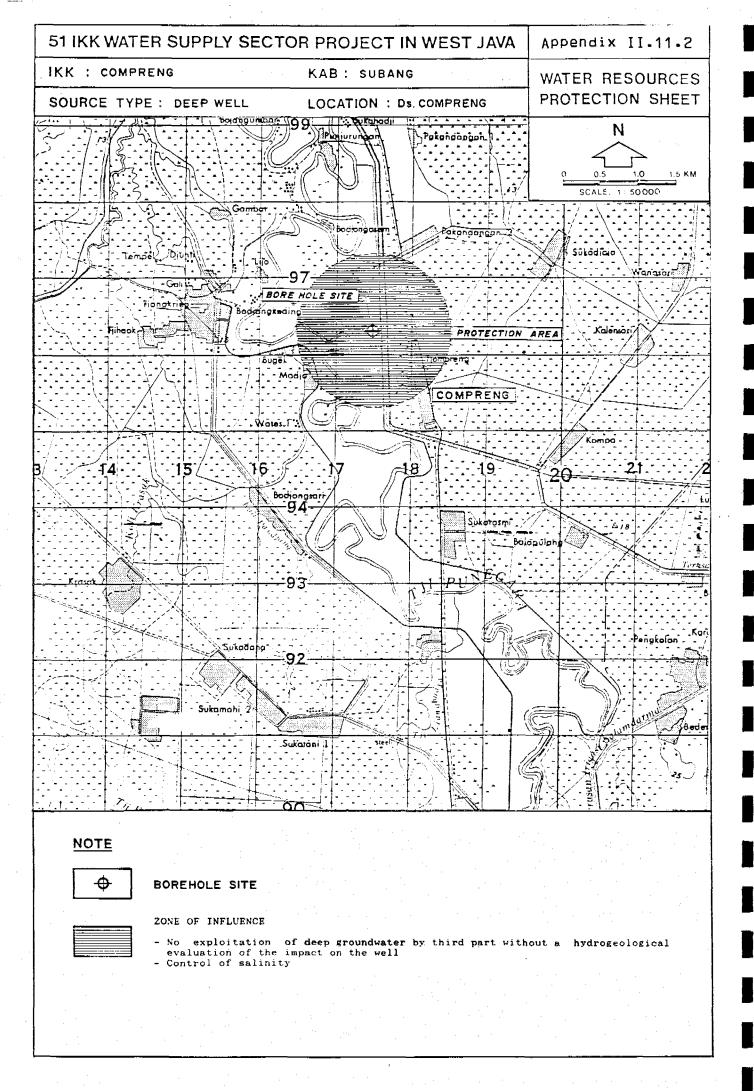




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	TER RESOURCES PROTECTION ESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IK	K : BINONG Kab. : SUBANG Water Demand : 10 1/s
= = : A .	======================================
1.	Borehole : Binong II
	Desa : <u>Kediri</u> Kampung : <u>Kediri</u>
	- Depth: Drilled 144 m, Equipped 142 m, Grout seal 25 m deep
	- Recommended yield: 5 1/s, estimated $ \cdot $, pump test $ \underline{x} $
	- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset
2.	Geology: Alluvial deposits
3.	Aquifer type: Confined, Depth(s) 49.50-59.50, 67-85, 96-137.5 (between) m
4.	Protection cover: Lithology Clay Tot. thickness 18 m
5.	Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) 6 km²
	- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 1,000 \text{ m}$, Area 3.2 km^2
	- Present environmental conditions : Housing surrounding by rice-field
	- Sensitivity to pollution : Safe
в.	POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1.	Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2.	Surroundings : From habitation and wet rice-field
3.	Catchment: Harmfull industrial activities, storage of chemicals
c.	PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1.	Environmental Protection
	- Well site :Sanitary zone(r = 5 m), proper drain of well-head area
	salinity control, Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM)
	- Surroundings: No depots of harmfull materials, no excessive build activity , Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
	- Catchment : No depots of harmfull materials, no uncontrolled
	industrial development, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2.	Yield Protection : No other deep boreholes in a radius of 1,000 m,
	assessment of the impact on the well, Responsibility of : Pemda



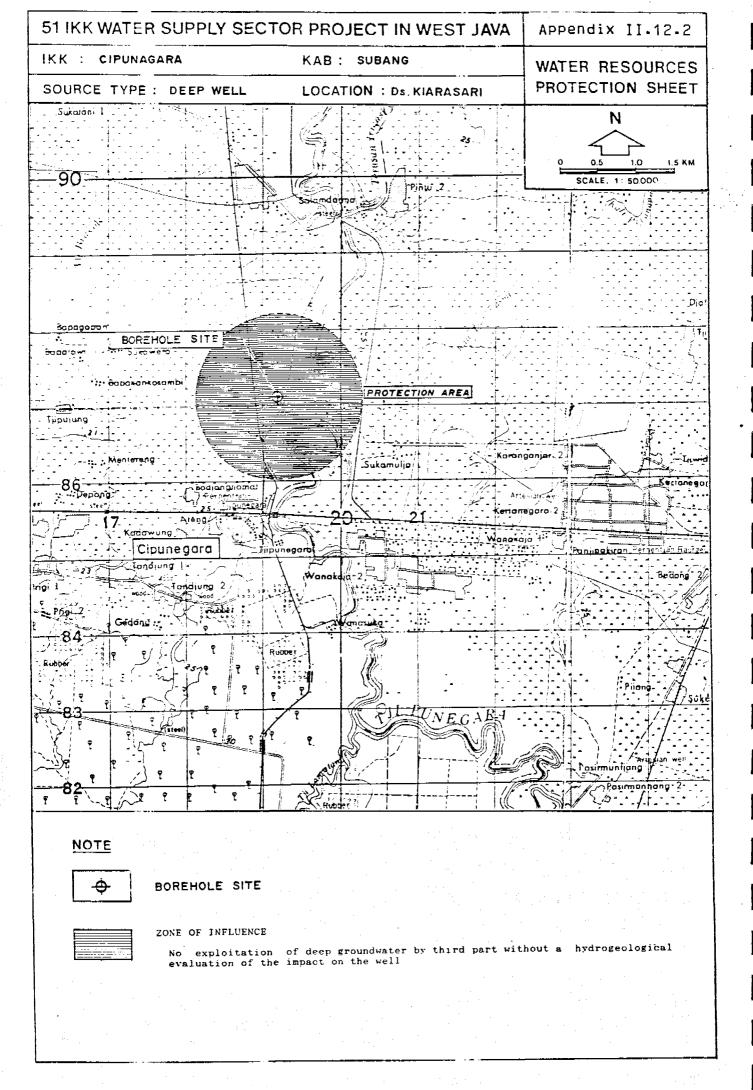
51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix 11.11.1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : COMPRENG Kab. : SUBANG Water Demand : 10 1/s
1. Borehole : Compreng
Desa: Compreng Kampung: Compreng
- Depth: Drilled 160 m, Equipped 153 m, Grout seal 30 m deep
- Recommended yield: 7 1/s, estimated , pump test x
- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2. Geology: Alluvial Meposits
3. Aquifer type : confined, Depth(s) 50.5-52.5, 67.5-69.5, 106-148(between) m
4. Protection cover: Lithology clay Tot. thickness 20 m
5. Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) 3.5 km ²
- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 1,000 \text{ m}$, Area 3.2 km^2
- Present environmental conditions : housing and rice-field
- Sensitivity to pollution : <u>Safe</u>
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2. Surroundings: From habitation and agricultural activity
3. Catchment : Possibility of saline water intrusion at over-pumping
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
- Well site :Sanitary zone (r = 5 m), proper drain of well-head
area, salinity control, Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: No depots of harmfull materials, no excessive build activity, Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : No storage of harmfull materials without permission , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2. Yield Protection: No other production boreholes within a distance 1,000 m without assessment of impact on the well Responsibility of: Pemda
(see map overleaf)
(see map overtear)



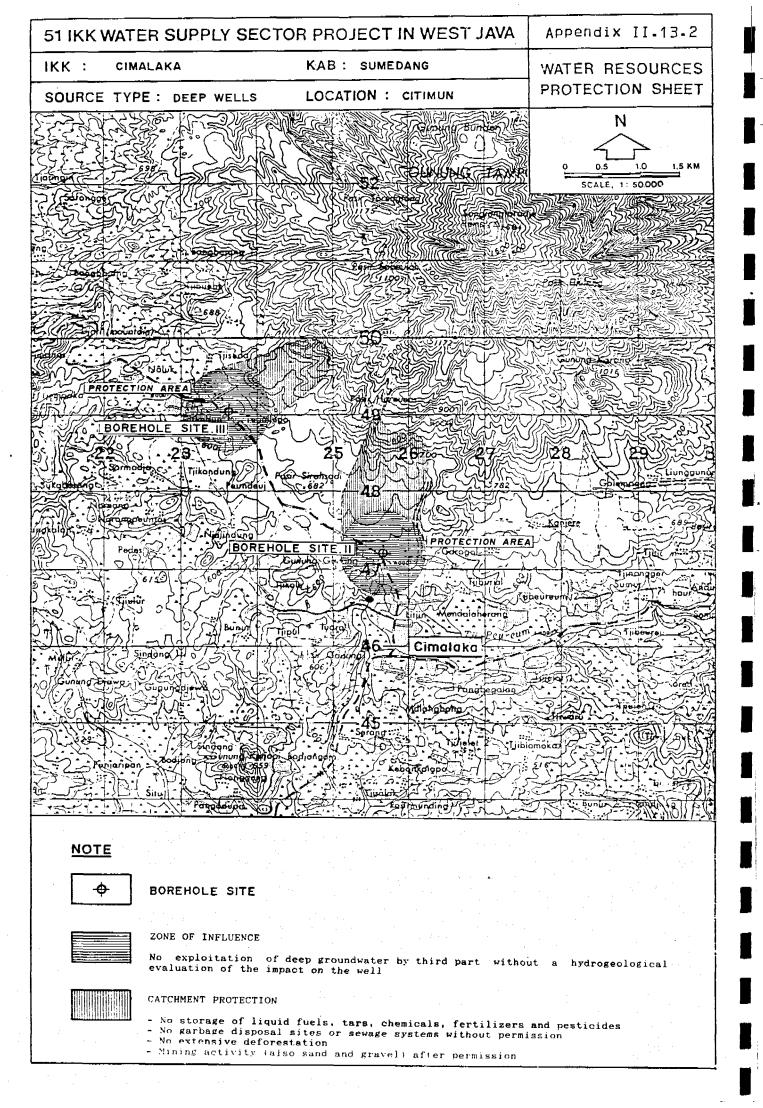
- Surroundings: No depots of harmfull materials, limited use of agricultural chemicals , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda

- Catchment :No depots of harmfull materials ____, Responsibility of : Camat. Pemda

2. Yield Protection: No other boreholes in a radius of 1,000 m without assessment of impact on the well , Responsibility of : Pemda



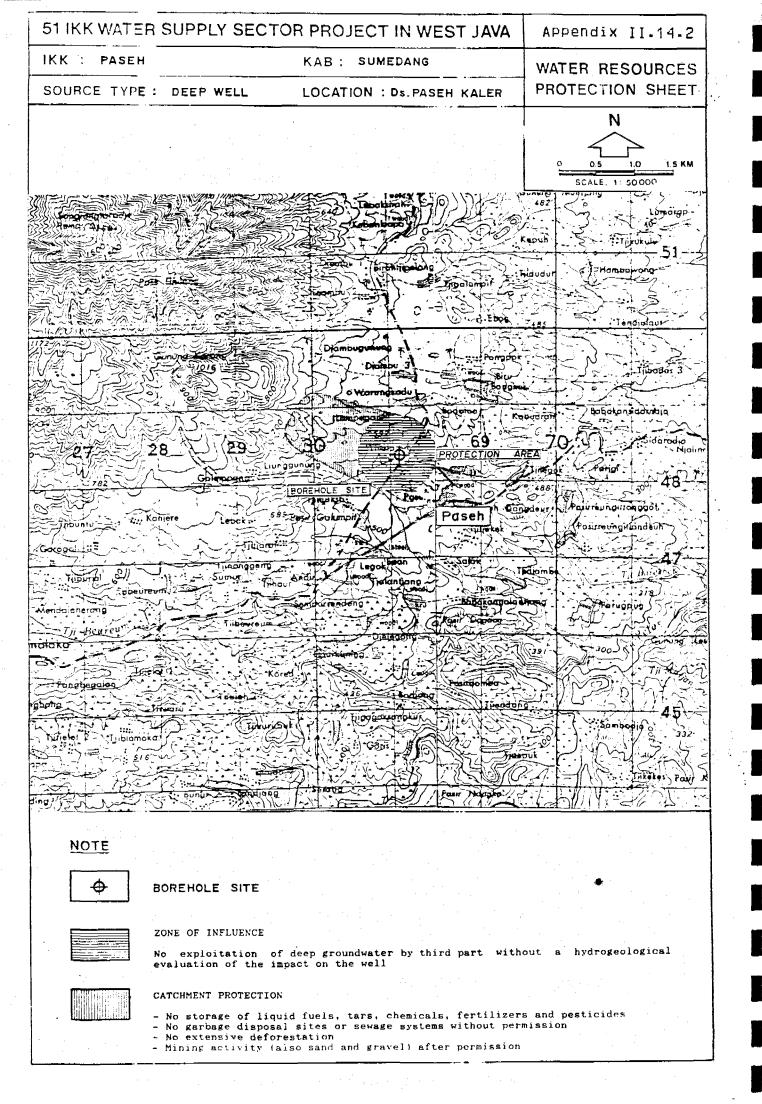
51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix II-13.1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : CIMALAKA Kab. : SUMEDANG Water Demand : 20 1/s
A. GENERAL
1. Borehole : Cimalaka III
Desa: <u>Citimun</u> Kampung: <u>Sukatani</u>
- Depth: Drilled 50 m, Equipped 50 m, Grout seal 30 m deep
- Recommended yield: 10 1/s, estimated pump test x
- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2. Geology: Young volcanics (Breccia tuff and lava flow)
3. Aquifer type : <u>Unconfined</u> , Depth(s)
4. Protection cover: Lithology Sandy, clayey Tot. thickness 5 m
5. Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) 2.2 km²
- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 \text{ m}$, Area 0.8 km^2
- Present environmental conditions : Housing
- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2. Surroundings: From the habitation
3. Catchment : Overuse of pesticides & harmfull future industrial
activities, gravel mining
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
- Well site : Sanitary zone (r = 5 m), proper drainage of well-head area , Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM).
- Surroundings: No storage of harmfull materials, no excessive sewage disposal (latrines etc.) , Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : No harmfull industrial activities, no garbage sites,
no chemical storage
, Responsibility of : Pemda, Camat
2. Yield Protection: No other boreholes in a radius of 500 m without impact assessment, Responsibility of: Pemda
(see man overleaf)



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51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix II.14.1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK: PASEH Kab.: SUMEDANG Water Demand: 20 1/s
1. Borehole : Paseh I
Desa: <u>Paseh Kaler</u> Kampung: <u>Nagrak</u>
- Depth: Drilled 66.5 m, Equipped 66 m, Grout seal 25 m deep
- Recommended yield: 20 1/s, estimated ; ; pump test ; x;
- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _;
2. Geology: Young volcanics on the slope of Tampomas
3. Aquifer type: Unconfined , Depth(s) 39-49 (between), 53-57, 61-64 m
4. Protection cover: Lithology None Tot. thickness - m
5. Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) $\frac{1}{1}$ km ²
- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 \text{ m}$, Area 0.8 km^2
- Present environmental conditions : Plantation, spread housing
- Sensitivity to pollution : Quite sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation
3. Catchment : Present and future plantation or agricultural activity, deforestation

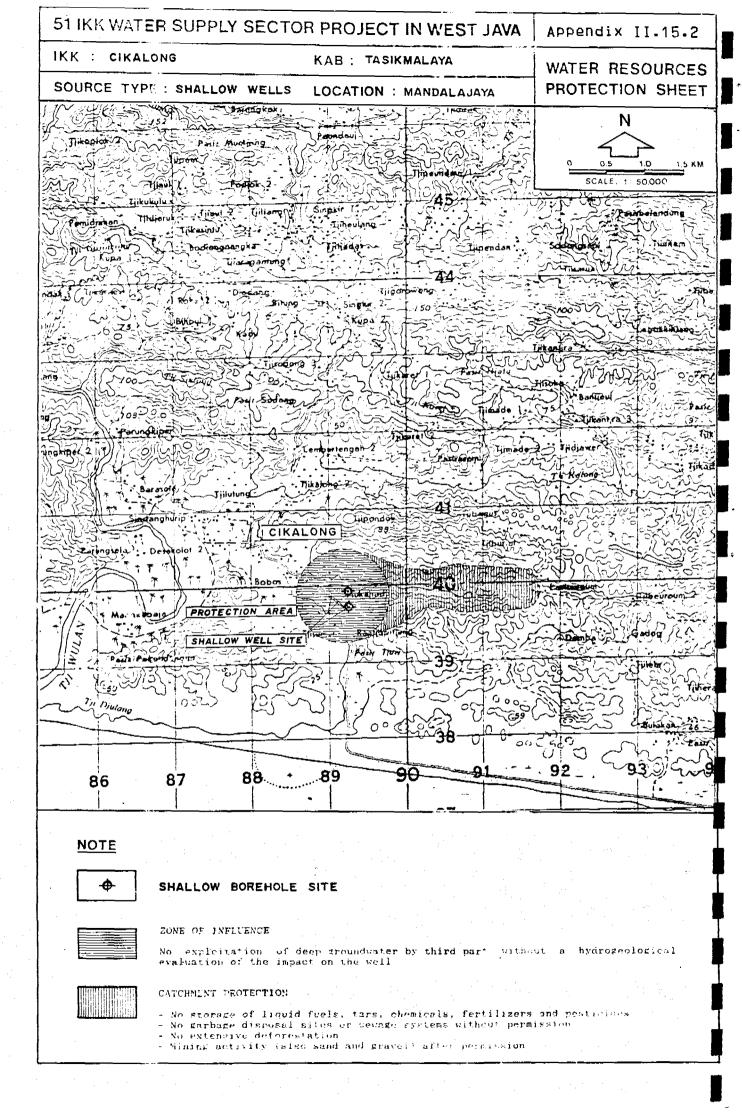
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION

- 1. Environmental Protection
 - Well site :Sanitary zone (r = 5 m), proper drainage of well-head area , Responsibility of : IKKs-unit (PDAM)
 - Surroundings: No depots of harmfull materials, excsessive build activity, Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
 - Catchment : No harmfull industrial activity, depots of chemicals, no deforestation, Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda



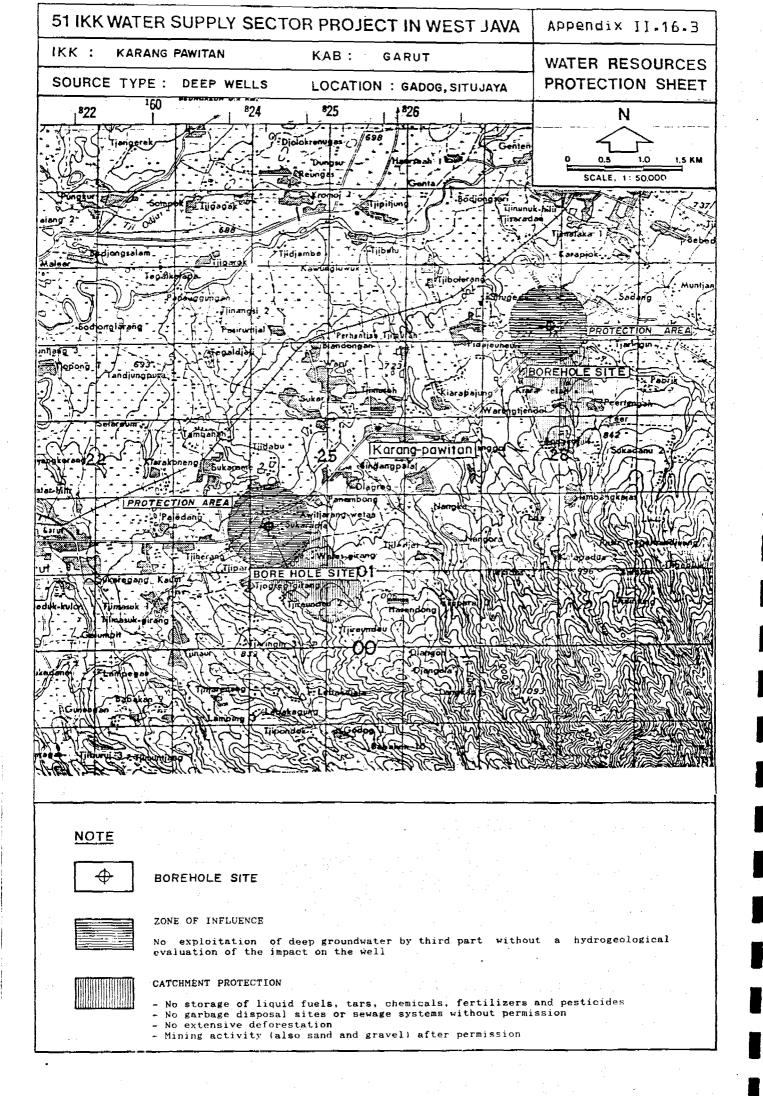
(see map overleaf)

	FER RESOURCES PROTECTION ESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKI	K : CIKALONG Kab. : TASIKMALAYA Water Demand : 10 1/s
Α.	GENERAL
1.	Borehole : Shallow borehole Cikalong (to be carried out)
	Desa : Mandalajaya Kampung : Sukahaji
	- Depth: Drilled $25-30 \text{ m}$, Equipped $25-30\text{m}$, Grout seal 5 m deep
•	- Recommended yield : $2-3$ 1/s, estimated _ , pump test x
	- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN ;_;, Genset ;x;
2.	Geology: Alluvium
- 1	Aquifer type: <u>Unconfined</u> , Depth(s) <u>5-9.7</u> , <u>13-15</u> , <u>17-19</u> , <u>20-26</u> m
4.	Protection cover: Lithology Clay and clay sandy Tot. thickness 5 m
5.	Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) $1.8~\mathrm{km^2}$
1	- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 \text{ m}$, Area 0.8 km^2
	- Present environmental conditions : <u>Vegetation</u> , sawahs, spread housing
! .	- Sensitivity to pollution: Sensitivity due to lack of thick protection cover
в.	POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1.	Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2.	Surroundings: From habitation and sawahs
3.	Catchment : Pesticides, harmfull future industrial acvtivities
c.	PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1.	Environmental Protection
	- Well site :Sanitary zone, proper drainage of well-head area and waste water disposal channel, Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM)
- I	- Surroundings : No storage of harmfull materials, no waste water
į	disposal , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
	- Catchment : No storage of harmfull materials, no uncontrolled development , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
2.	Yield Protection: No other boreholes in a radius of 500 m, without assessment of impact on the wells.
•	, Responsibility of : Pemda



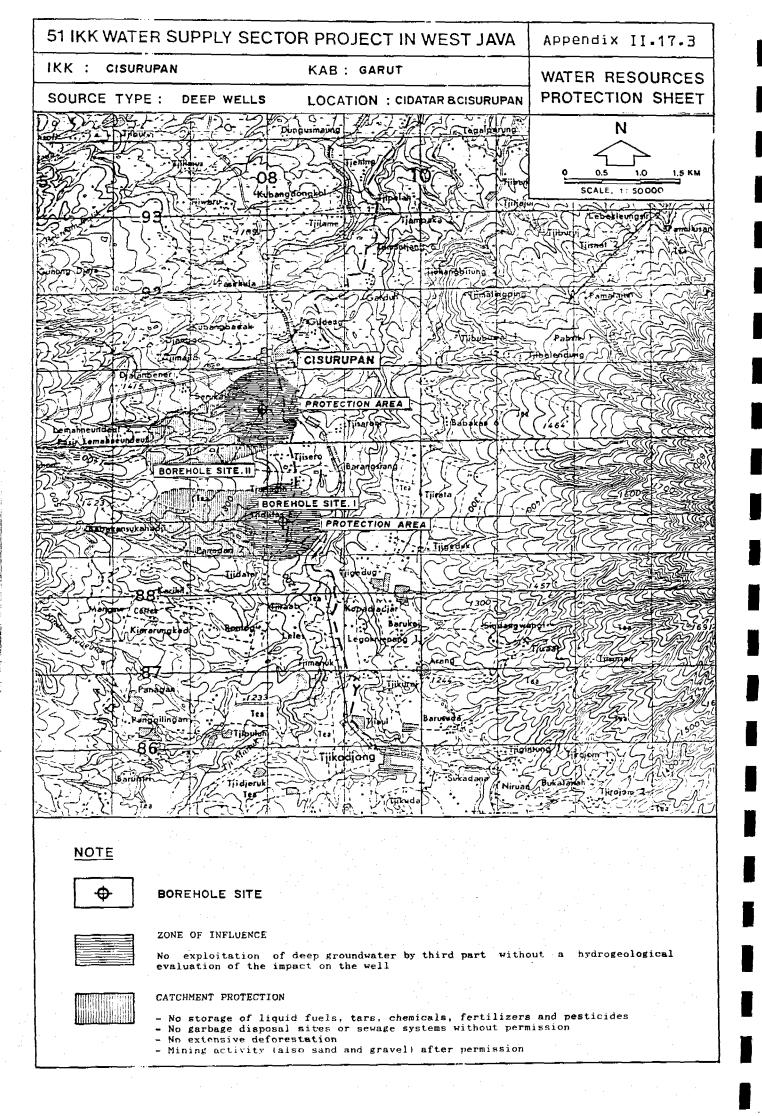
51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix 11-16-1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION PIL
IKK: KARANGPAWITAN Kab.: GARUT Water Demand: 20 1/s
1. Borehole : Karangpawitan - I
Desa: Gadog Kampung: Sukaraja
- Depth: Drilled 100.5 m, Equipped 100 m, Grout seal 20 m deep
- Recommended yield : 10 1/s, estimated 1, pump test x
- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2. Geology: Young volcanics overlain by alluvium
Aquifer type : <u>Unconfined</u> , Depth(s) <u>62-68, 70-73, 79-83, 90-96</u> π
4. Protection cover: Lithology None Tot. thickness m
5. Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) $1.8~{\rm km^2}$
- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 \text{ m}$, Area 0.8 km^2
- Present environmental conditions : <u>Vegetation</u> , <u>rice-field</u> , <u>spread</u> <u>Housing</u>
- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2. Surroundings: From habitation, wet rice-fields
3. Catchment : Pesticides, harmfull future industrial acvtivities deforestation, mining
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
- Well site :Sanitary zone(r = 5 m), proper drainage of well-head area , Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings : No depots of harmfull materials, no excessive build activity , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : No depots of harmfull materials, controlled development no deforestation
, Responsibility of : Camat. Pemda
2. Yield Protection: No other boreholes in a radius of 500 m, without assessment of impact on the well.
, Responsibility of : Pemda

(see map overleaf)

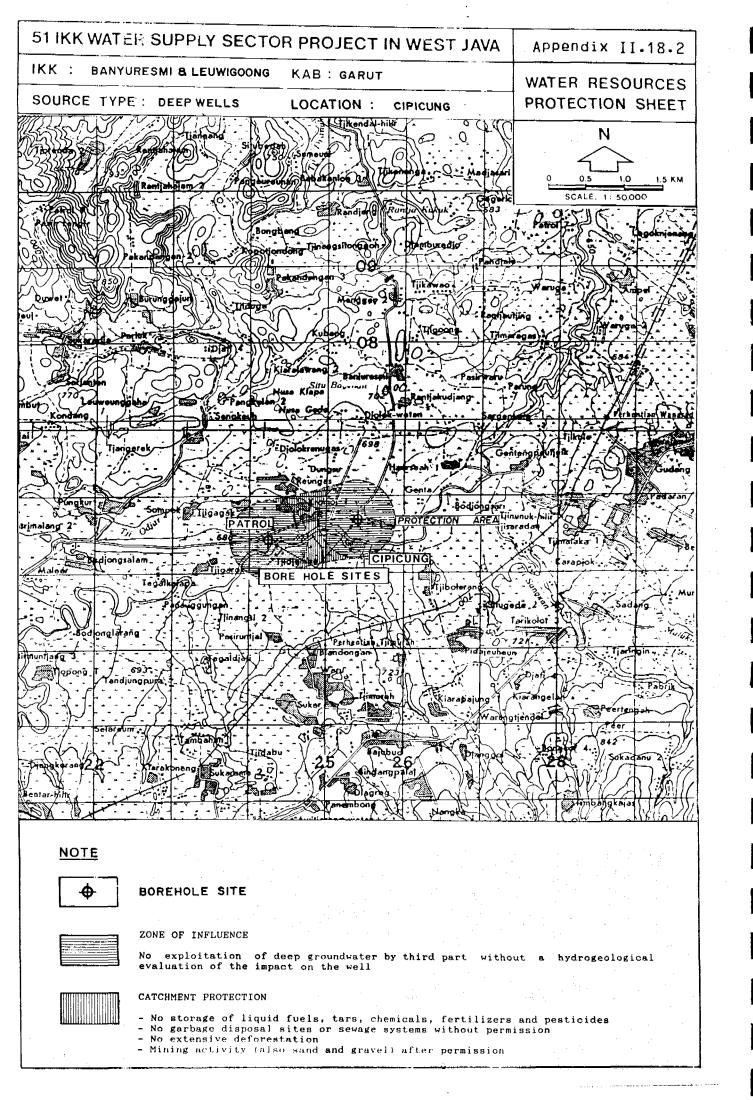


51 IKK	Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix II-17-1
	RESOURCES PROTECTION CATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK :	CISURUPAN Kab.: GARUT Water Demand: 10 1/s
1. Bore	hole : <u>Cisurupan I</u>
	Desa : Cidatar Kampung : Cidatar
– De	pth: Drilled 100 m, Equipped 73 m, Grout seal 15 m deep
- Re	commended yield: 5 1/s, estimated [1], pump test $\{\underline{x}\}$
- Pt	mp type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2. Geol	ogy: Young volcanics valley between Papandayan and Cikuray volcano
3. Aqui	fer type : <u>Unconfined</u> , Depth(s) <u>24-27, 31-34, 39-51 (between)</u> <u>57-60, 65-68</u> m
4. Prot	ection cover: Lithology Sandy, clayey Tot. thickness 5 m
5. Cato	hment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) $2.3~\mathrm{km^2}$
- Zo	ne of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 \text{ m}$, Area 0.8 km^2
- Pr	esent environmental conditions : Vegetation, plantation , spread housing
- Se	nsitivity to pollution : Quite sensitive
B. POLI	UTION POSSIBILITIES
1. Well	site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2. Sur	oundings: From habitation storage of harmfull materials
3. Cato	hment : <u>Uncontrolled development</u> , storage of harmfull materials deforestation
C PROT	ECTION RECOMENDATION
	ronmental Protection
	ll site :Sanitary zone , proper drainage of well-head area
	, Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM)
- Su	rroundings: No depots of harmfull materials, no excessive build activity, Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
- Ca	tchment : No depots of harmfull chemicals, controlled development , Responsibility of : Pemda, Perkebunan
2. Yiel	d Protection : No other deep wells within 500 m radius, Responsibility of : Pemda

<u>51</u>	IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix II.17.2
	TER RESOURCES PROTECTION ESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IK	K : CISURUPAN . Kab. : GARUT Water Demand : 10 1/s
Α.	GENERAL
1.	Borehole : Cisurupan II
	Desa : Cisurupan Kampung : Palalangon
	- Depth: Drilled 85 m, Equipped 72 m, Grout seal 20 m deep
	- Recommended yield : _5 _ l/s, estimated _ , pump test x
	- Pump type : <u>Submersible</u> Power : PLN x , Genset _
2.	Geology: Young volcanics valley between Papandayan and Cikuray volcano
3.	Aquifer type : <u>Unconfined</u> , Depth(s) <u>44-47</u> , 53-56, 58.5-67.5 m
4.	Protection cover: Lithology Sand Tot. thickness 12 m
5.	Catchment (topographical at the estimated radius of influence) 2.3 km²
	- Zone of influence: $R_{(estim)} = 500 m$, Area 0.8 km^2
	- Present environmental conditions: Vegetation, plantation, spread housing
	- Sensitivity to pollution : Quite sensitive
в.	POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1.	Well site : Seepage along the grout and casing pipes
2.	Surroundings: From habitation of land use planning
3.	Catchment: Uncontrolled development, storage of harmfull materials deforestation
c.	PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1.	Environmental Protection
	- Well site : Sanitary zone , proper drainage of well-head area , Responsibility of : IKKs-Unit (PDAM)
	- Surroundings : No depots of harmfull materials, no excessive build activity, Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda
-	- Catchment : No depots of harmfull chemicals, controlled development , Responsibility of : Pemda, Perkebunan
2.	Yield Protection : No other deep wells within 500 m radius , Responsibility of : Pemda
	(see map overleaf)



(see map overleaf)



APPENDIX III

Presentation of Environmental Information (PIL) and Protective Measures

SURFACE WATER SOURCES

APPENDIX III

Appendix

Presentation of Environmental Information (PIL) and Protective Measures

SURFACE WATER SOURCES

Kab.	Sukabu	mi	
1.	4.01	Warungkiara	III.1.1 - 1.2
2.	4.10	Cikembar	III.1.1 - 1.2
3.	4.14	Gegerbitung	III.2.1 - 2.2
Kab.	Cianju	r	
4.	5.01	Sukanegara	III.3.1 - 3.2
5.	5.11	Cikalong Kulon	III.4.1 - 4.2
Kab.	Karawai	ng	
6.	6.06	Batujaya	III.5.1 - 5.2
Kab.	Subang		
7.	7.08	Blanakan	III.6.1 - 6.2
Kab.	Sumedan	ng	
8.	8.04	Wado	III.7.1 - 7.2
9.	8.05	Tomo	III.8.1 - 8.3
10.	8.07	Ujung Jaya	III.8.1 - 8.3

- Catchment

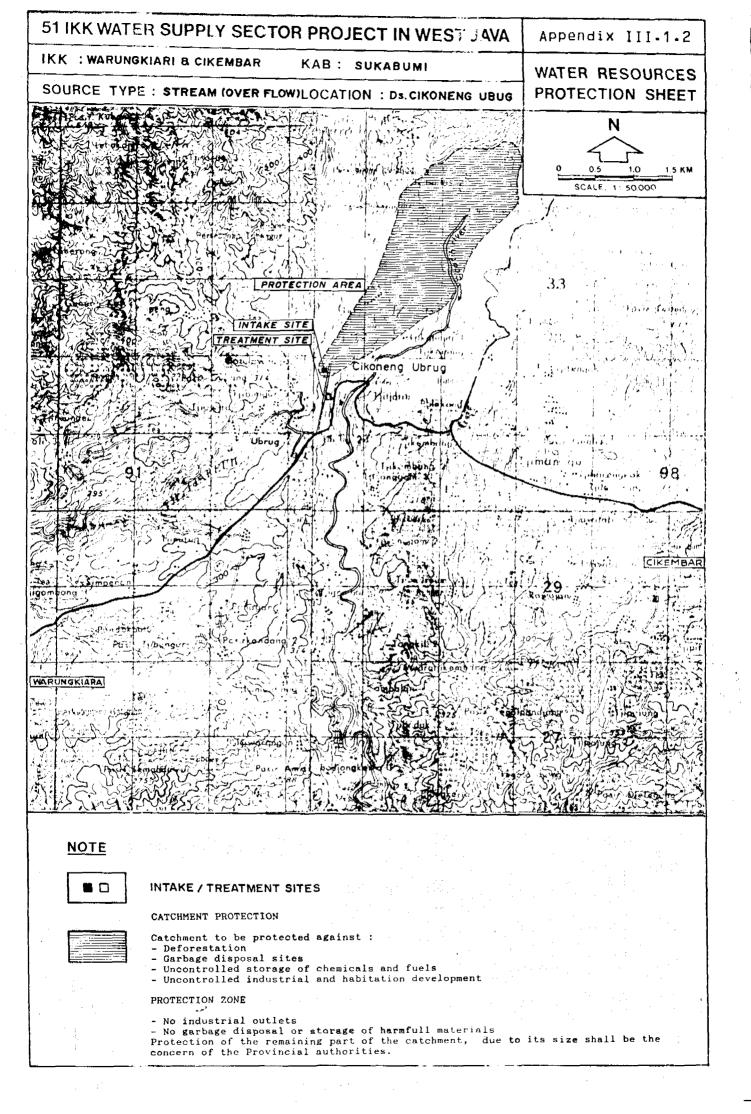
canals , Responsibility of : Camat, PLTA-unit Ubrug

, Responsibility of : Pemda, PLTA-unit Ubrug

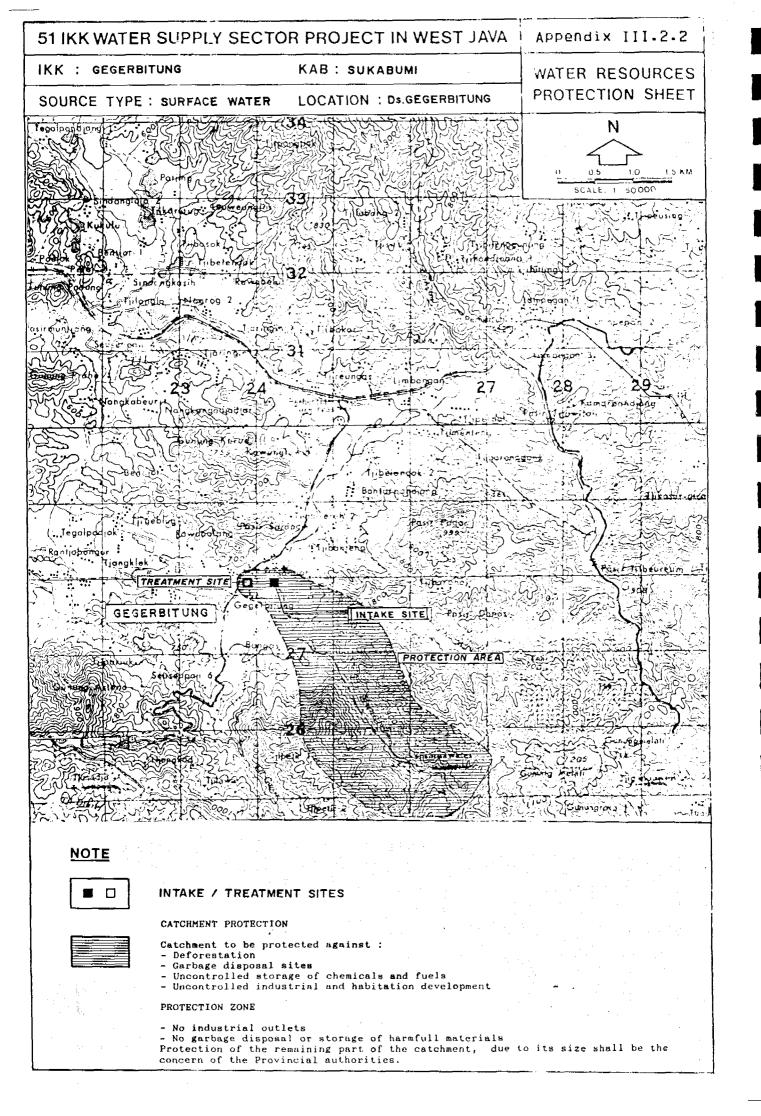
(See map overleaf)

: No storage or dumps of harmfull materials along the dam shores , Responsibility of : PLTA-unit, Pemda

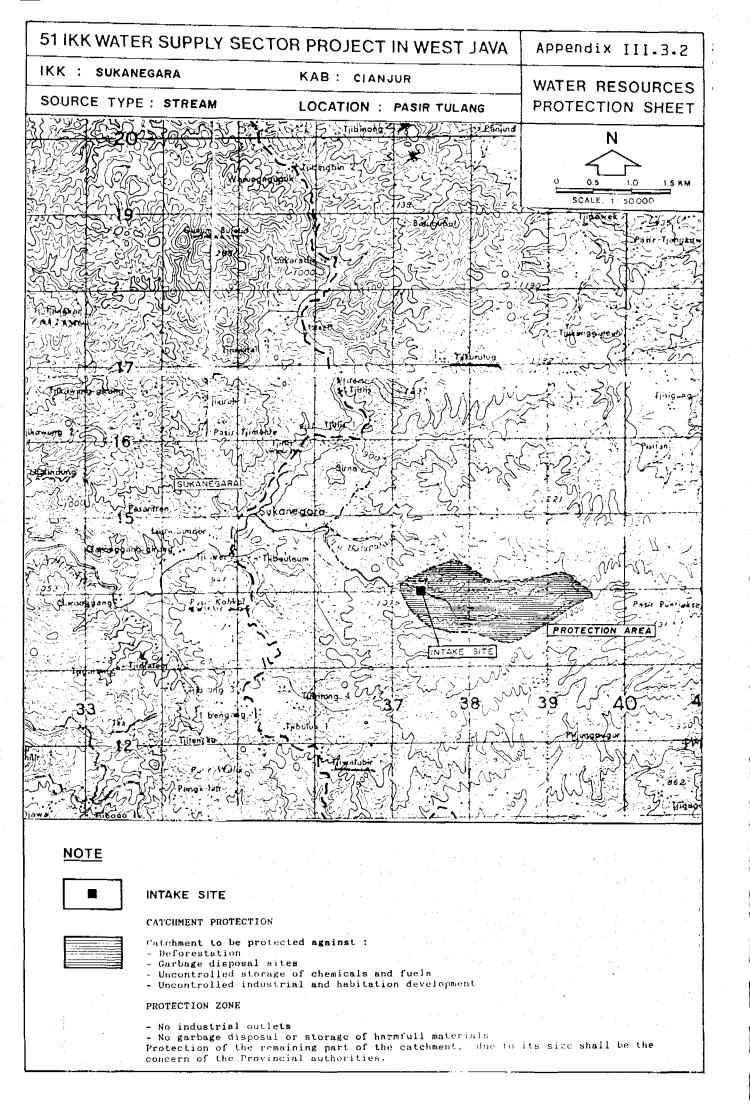
2. Yield Protection: No special measures necessary apart of firm commitment by the PLTA



Appendix III-2-1
51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix III-2-1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : GEGERBITUNG Kab. : SUKABUMI Water Demand : 10 1/s
A. GENERAL
1. Surface Water Source : Name : Cimandiri river
Intake in Desa : Gegerbitung , Kampung : Puncak Sayang
- Flow: Max (estimated): 250 1/s
Min (estimated): 50 1/s
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN $ \underline{x} $ or genset $ \underline{\cdot} $, Gravity $ \underline{\cdot} $
3. Catchment:
- Area : <u>5 km²</u>
- Morphology : Foothills
- Cover : Soil, volcanics materials
- Present environmental conditions : Habitat, sawahs, nat. vegetation
- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. At Intake : Daily human activities (washing, toilets), animal watering
2. Surroundings: Daily human activities (washing, toilets), animal watering
3. Catchment : Dump sites, industrial activities, deforestation, storage of chemicals
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
Intake : Sanitary zone
, Responsibility of : <u>IKKs - unit (PDAM)</u>
- Surroundings: No effluent outlets or bathing and defecation 100 m
<u>upstream intake</u> , Responsibility of : <u>IKKs-unit (PDAM)</u>
- Catchment : <u>Deforestation</u> , no waste dumps, no uncontrolled land
<u>development</u> , Responsibility of : <u>Pemda.Camat</u>
2. Yield Protection: Control with other upstream consumption of water conflicting with the IKKs demand
, Responsibility of : Pemda
(See map overleaf)

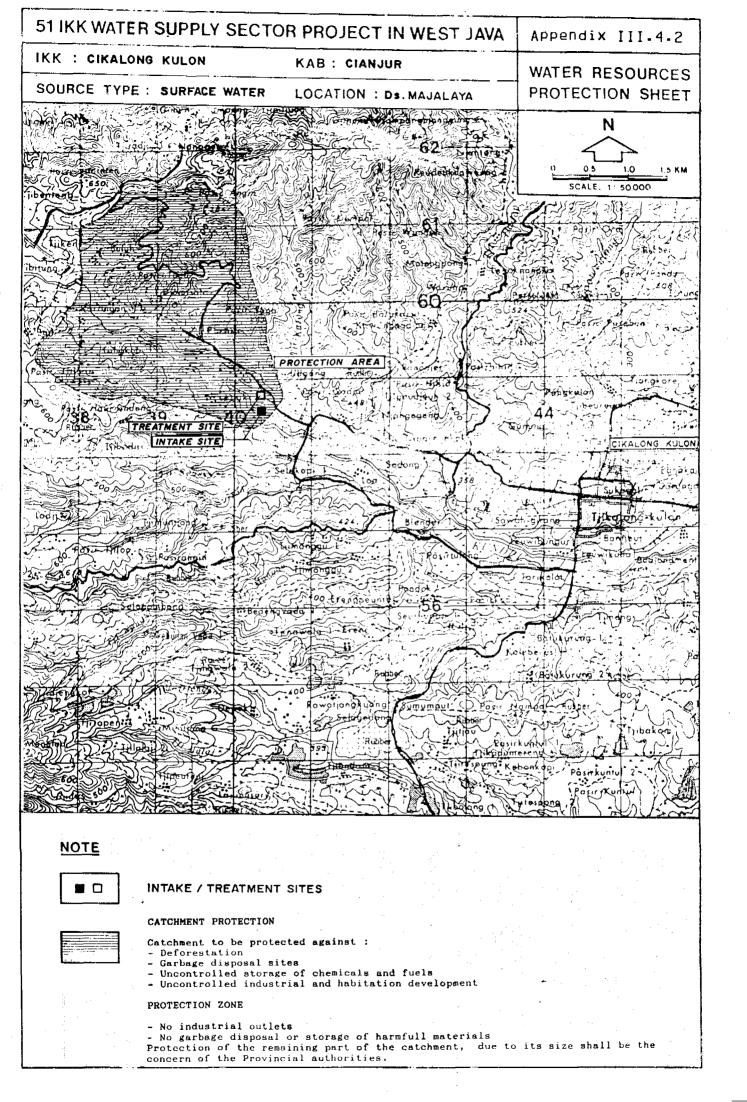


51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix III-3-1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : SUKANEGARA Kab. : CIANJUR Water Demand : 10 1/
A. GENERAL
1. Surface Water Source : Name : Cibalapulang hulu river
Intake in Desa : Sukanegara , Kampung : Pasirtulang
- Flow: Max (estimated): 35 1/s
Min (estimated): 20 1/s
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN or genset Gravity x
3. Catchment:
- Area : <u>2 - 3 km²</u>
- Morphology: Middle - slope, dispersed hills
- Cover : Thick soil, weathered volcanics
- Present environmental conditions : Dense vegetation, tea plantation
- Sensitivity to pollution : Very sensitive due to the little size
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Polluted surface run-off entering the intake area
2. Surroundings: Polluted surface run-off entering the intake area
3. Catchment : Possible harmfull, up-stream activity
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection .
- Intake : Sanitary zone, no polluting and unhygienical
activity , Responsibility of : IKKs - unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: No effluent outlets, no bathing and defecation 100 m
<u>up-stream</u> , Responsibility of: <u>Pemda, Perhutani</u>
- Catchment : No excessive vegetation-cutting, no excessive use of chemicals and pesticides
, Responsibility of : Pemda, Perhutani
2. Yield Protection: No space for other stream consumption
, Responsibility of : Pemda
(See map overleaf)

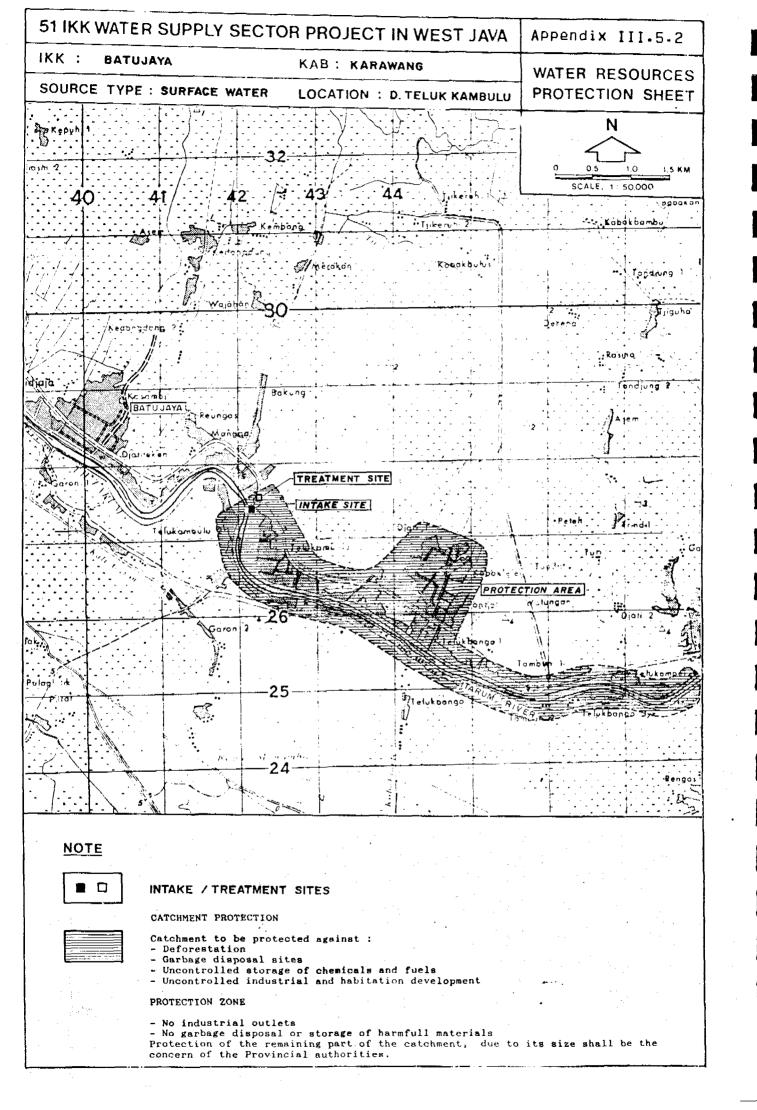


51 IKk Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix III.4.1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : CIKALONG KULON Kab. : CIANJUR Water Demand : 20 1/s
A. GENERAL
1. Surface Water Source : Name : Cikundul river
Intake in Desa : Majalaya , Kampung : Majalaya
- Flow: Max (estimated): 800 1/s
Min (estimated): 700 1/s
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN $\{\underline{x}\}$ or genset $\{\underline{x}\}$.
3. Catchment:
- Area : <u>7 km²</u>
- Morphology : Hilly to mountainous
- Cover : Volcanic materials
- Present environmental conditions : Spread habitation, forest, sawahs
- Sensitivity to pollution : Quite sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
1. At Intake : Inflow of nearby sawah waters
2. Surroundings: Waste-water run-off from nearby habitations
3. Catchment : Limited possibilities if unchanged land use
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
- Intake : Sanitary zone, proper design
, Responsibility of : IKKs - unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: No effluent outlets or bathing and defecation 100 m
up-stream intake, Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : No dumps of harmfull materials up-streams, no
deforestation , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda 2. Yield Protection : Control of other water use up-streams
, Responsibility of : Pemda

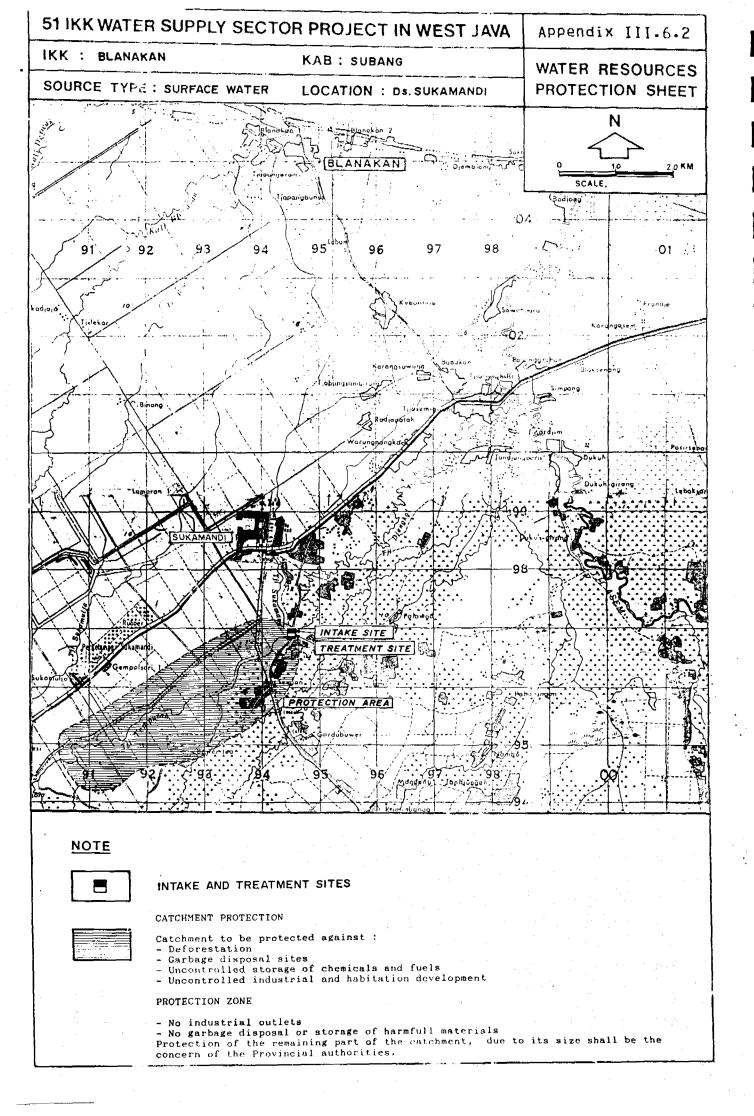
(See map overleaf)



51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix III-5-1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL .
IKK: BATUJAYA Kab.: KARAWANG Water Demand: 20 1/s
A. GENERAL
1. Surface Water Source : Name : Citarum river + Tarum Timur
Intake in Desa : <u>Telukkambulu</u> , Kampung : <u>Krajan-2</u>
- Flow: Max (estimated): 1/s (large, not influence to IKK demand)
Min (estimated): l/s
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN $ \underline{x} $ or genset $ \underline{x} $, Gravity $ \underline{x} $
3. Catchment:
- Area : <u>Extensive</u>
- Morphology: Varying from flat through hilly to mountainous
- Cover : Alluvial deposits, tertiary deposits, volcanic formations
- Present environmental conditions: Not vegetation agricultural, towns, villages, industries
- Sensitivity to pollution : Sensitive
- Sensitivity to pollution: Sensitive B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation 3. Catchment : Up-stream industrial effluents, waste disposal, town effluents agricultural activity
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation 3. Catchment : Up-stream industrial effluents, waste disposal, town
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation 3. Catchment : Up-stream industrial effluents, waste disposal, town effluents agricultural activity C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION 1. Environmental Protection
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation 3. Catchment : Up-stream industrial effluents, waste disposal, town effluents agricultural activity C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation 3. Catchment : Up-stream industrial effluents, waste disposal, town effluents agricultural activity C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION 1. Environmental Protection - Intake : Sanitary zone
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation 3. Catchment : Up-stream industrial effluents, waste disposal, town effluents agricultural activity C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION 1. Environmental Protection - Intake : Sanitary zone
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation 3. Catchment : Up-stream industrial effluents, waste disposal, town effluents agricultural activity C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION 1. Environmental Protection - Intake : Sanitary zone , Responsibility of : IKKs - unit (PDAM) - Surroundings : No effluent outlets or bathing and defecation 100 m up-stream intake , Responsibility of : Camat, Pemda - Catchment : Control on Provincial and Regional level necessary
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared with the pollution of the raw water 2. Surroundings: From nearby habitation 3. Catchment : Up-stream industrial effluents, waste disposal, town effluents agricultural activity C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION 1. Environmental Protection - Intake : Sanitary zone



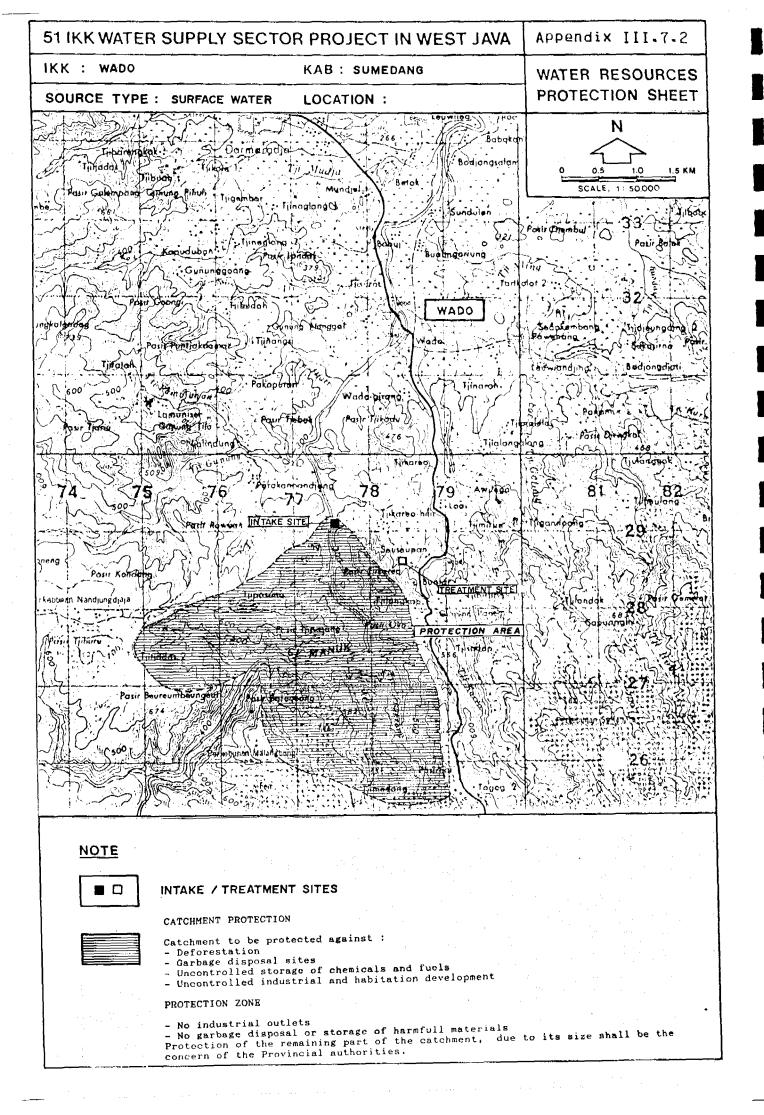
(See map overleaf)



- Catchment : Control on the Provincial and Regional level needed
______, Responsibility of : Governor, Pemda

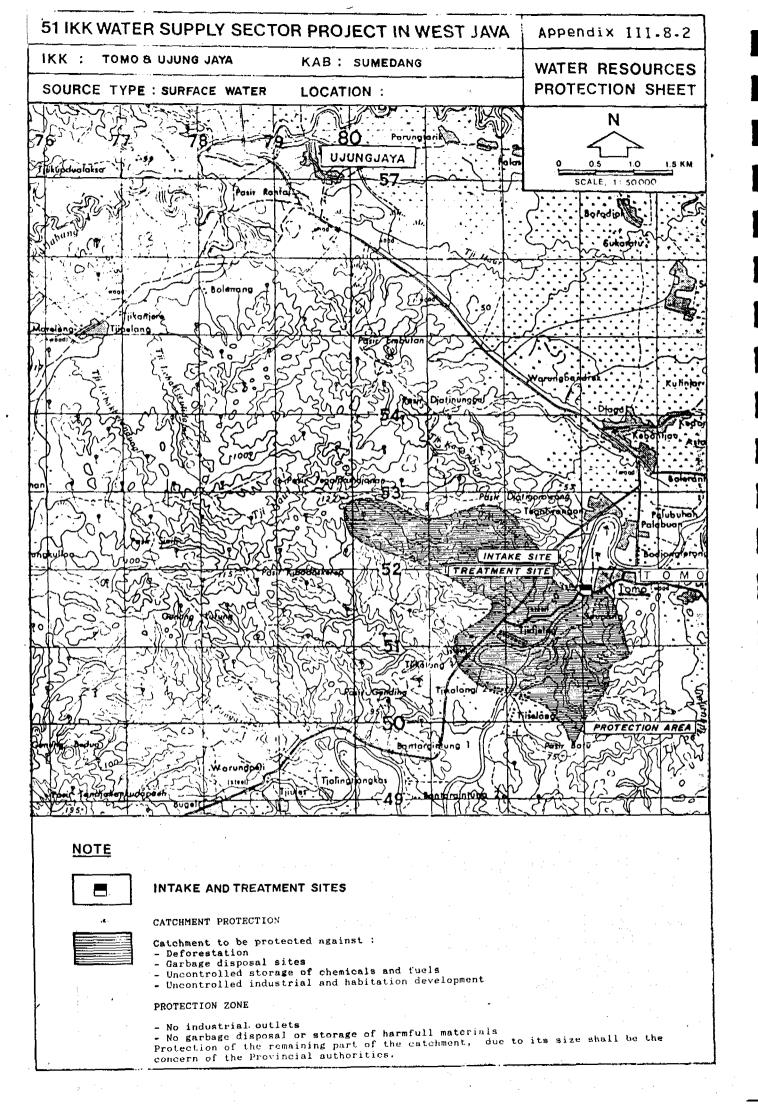
2. Yield Protection: No special protection needed, coordination with Pengairan, Responsibility of : Pemda, Pengairan

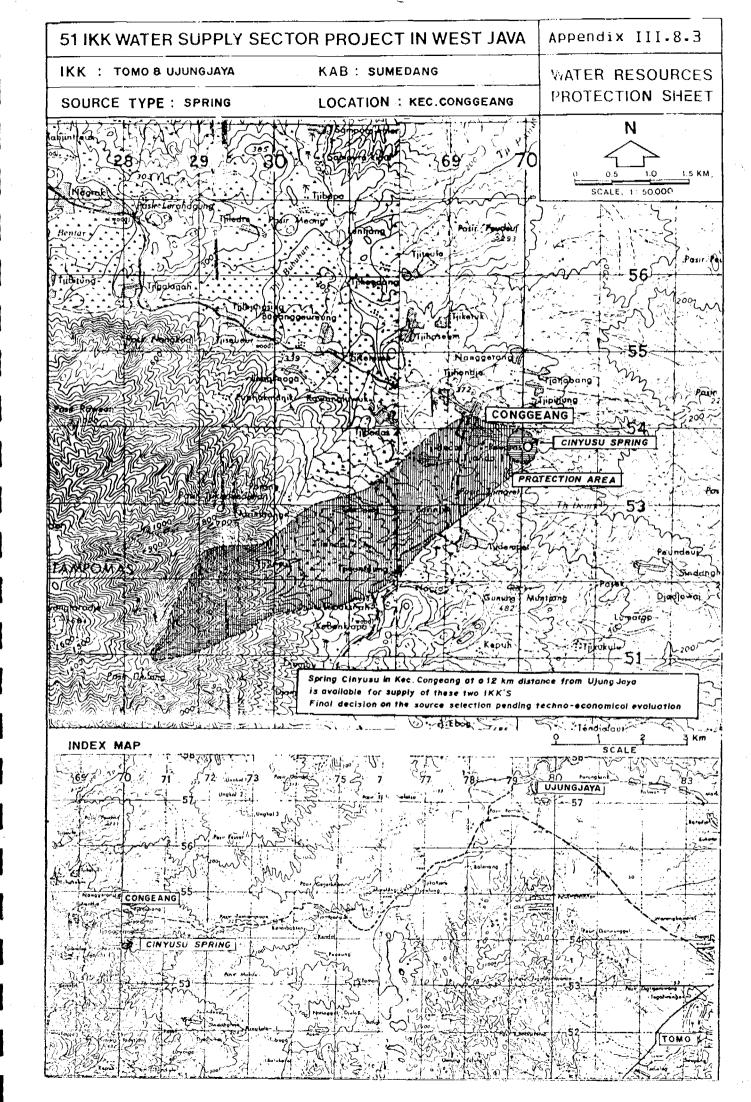
(See map overleaf)



51 IKK Water Supply Sector Project - West Java (DANIDA) Appendix III-8-1
WATER RESOURCES PROTECTION PRESENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION - PIL
IKK : TOMO & UJUNG JAYA Kab. : SUMEDANG Water Demand : 15 + 5 1/s
A. GENERAL
1. Surface Water Source : Name : Cimanuk river
Intake in Desa : Tomo , Kampung :
- Flow: Max (estimated):l/s (sufficient, not influence with IKKs demand) Min (estimated):l/s
2. Extraction : Pumping by PLN x or genset _ , Gravity _
3. Catchment:
- Area :5 km²
- Morphology : Hilly to mountaineous
- Cover : Tertiary deposits, young and old volcanics
- Present environmental conditions : Agricultural natural land, towns, villages
- Sensitivity to pollution :Sensitive
B. POLLUTION POSSIBILITIES 1. At Intake : Limited compared to the pollution of the river
2. Surroundings: Pollution from nearby up-stream habitation activity
3. Catchment : Up-stream polluted industrial effluents, waste disposal, town effluents, agricultural activity
C. PROTECTION RECOMENDATION
1. Environmental Protection
- Intake : Sanitary zone, Responsibility of : IKKs - unit (PDAM)
- Surroundings: No effluent outlets 2 km up-stream, no defecation and washing 200 m up-stream , Responsibility of: Camat, Pemda
- Catchment : Control on Provincial and Regional level with water quality. Warning system !? , Responsibility of : Governor, Pemda
2. Yield Protection: No special protection needed, coordination with Pengairan, Responsibility of: Pemda, Pengairan

(SEE MAPS OVERLEAF)





APPENDIX IV

Water Resources Protection Summary Sheets
GENERAL INFORMATION

APPENDIX IV

Water Resources Protection Summary Sheets GENERAL INFORMATION

			1		Appendix
1.	Kab.	Serang			IV.1
2.	Kab.	Lebak			IV.2
3.	Kab.	Sukabumi			IV.2
4.	Kab.	Cianjur			IV.3
5.	Kab.	Karawang		54, T	IV.3
6.	Kab.	Subang			IV.4
7.	Kab.	Sumedang			IV.5
8.	Kab.	Tasikmala	ya	e British	IV.6
9.	Kab.	Garut			IV.7

HATER RESOURCES PROTECTION - KAB. SERANG

.	IKK	DEHAND L/S	SOURCE	YIELD SPRINGS: MIN - MAX	GEOLOGICAL AND	ENVIRONHENTAL	RESOURCE	PROTECTIVE	MEASURES NEEDED	ACTION
•	1		JOURCE	BOREHOLES : RECOMMENDED SURF.WAT : MIN	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	PROBLEMS	PROBLEMS	TECHNICAL	LEGISLATIVE	WC110N
	Padarincang		 Cirahab Lega spring 		Gravity spring flowing from young volcanies. Low morphology, Spring surrounded by sawah.	from sawahs may lenter the spring	inther consump-	against sur- face run-off	1) Hater rights. 2) No dumping of harm- full wastes in the catchment area	 Apprepriate design By laws
:	Kasonen	5	1 deep well (90 m)		(Borehole exploits deep- (seated (30-80 m) aqui- (fors.)	iproblems. Future protection needed:	(inst a nearby Cexploitation (by third party (needed (around the		
:	Kragilan	: 10 :	:1 deep well : :<70 and 90 н);		: Iden	I den	I dem	Ideн	Iden	Iden
	Hal antaka	5	i deep well (110 m)		Flat area. Sawah and a hearby kampung. Exploi- ting medium deep (20 - 40 m) and deep (60 - 100 m) aquifers	(polutión trough (surface infiltr <mark>a</mark> -	1	laround the lwell (5 m ra- ldius)	1) No latrinos, stores of fertilizers etc in a zone of 50 m radius 2) No other deep wells within a radius of 500 m, without assessement of impact on the well.	By lows on (1) and (2)
:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Pamanayan	10	1 deep well (150 m)	10	Exploiting medium (30 - 40) and deep	No immediate problems. About 15 m of clay abo- ve the medium aquifer		laround the Luell head	i) No dumps of harmfull material within a a radius of 500 m 2) No other deep wells within a distance of 1 km	Iden
:	Cionas	5	1 deep well. (100 m)	(10)	:Scarcely populated.	No immediate problems: Future catchment protection needed.	linst nearby	lof 5 m radius laround the	(1) No harmfull dumping Hithin a radius of 500 m. 10 No other wells Hithin 500 m radius.	I den
:	Pabuaran	: 5	1 deep well :		Ides	Iden	; Idem	Iden	Iden	Іден

Appendix IV-1

No.	1 6 6	DEMAND L/S	SOURCE	Y I E L D	GEOLOGICAL AND	ENVIRONHENTAL	RESOURCE PROBLEMS	PROTECTI	JE HEASURES NEEDED	ACTION
452	1 / 1	L73		SPRINGS : HIN - HBX BURCHOLES : RECOMMENDED SUBFIRAT : HIN	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	PROBLEMS	F NOBLERIS	TECHNICAL	LEGISLATIVE	116.7.10.1
	LESAK		:	:	:		:			
1	Harung Sunung	5	1 deep well	 -		full chemicals- inflitration)	Protection agar inst a nearby exploitation by third party needed	lof วี m radius Caround the	1) No dumps of harmfull material within a a distance of 1 km 2) No other deep wells within a distance of 1000 m	(1) and (2)
:	SUKABUNI		:		!	i i	:		•	:
1	Harung Kiara	10	Cikoneng '	: 20 :(fixed by PLTA-Ubrug flow		: No immediat e problems. Possi-			(CD) Hater rights. (CD) Control of third	(By-laws on water (rights and control
2	Cikembar	16		:distribution opening)	Impounded reservoir for: hydropower	-ibility for pollu- ition by upstream	isary apart of	! ".		of upstream lactivities (1 and 2).
3	Kalopanunggal	10	Kiara Rugrug Spring		(Hilly, young volcanics, tocated midslope and (surrounded by small satural vegetation.	from sawah	(No spare flow)for other use (than this pro-)ject.		(1) No dumps of harmfull materials. 2) Controlled changes of land use	: design
4	Cisolok		Cikahuripan Hangun Sprin g	:	Central Mountains Vol- canics and sediments. Old rubber plantations.	surface run-off	No spare flow for other use than this pro- ject.	Idem	Iden	:- Appropriate : design :- By-laws on : water rights
5	Nagrisk	5	Cilemped Spring	•	Hilly, young volcanics. (Located midslope, (Minly sawehs, Immediate (environment natural ve- (getation.	problems except Surface run-off	I den	Iden	Iden	I don
6	Gegerbitung	10	Cimandiri River	50		‡ · · ·	(None but no space for ex- cessive upstre- am consumption		:Water rights. :Control of third par- :ties upstream activi- :ties	(By-laws on water (rights and control) (of upstream acti- (vities

HATER RESOURCES PROTECTION - KAB. CLANJUR AND KAB. KARAHANG

ΝÚ.	IKK	DEHAND L/S	SOURCE	Y I E L D	GEOLOGICAL AND	ENVIRONMENTAL	RESOURCE	PROTECTIVE	HEASURES HEEDED	ACTION
140.		Us	SOURCE	SPRINGS: HIN - HAX BOREHOLES: RECOMMENDED SURF. HAT: HIN.	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	PROBLEMS	PROBLEMS	TECHNICAL	LEGISLATIVE	NCTION
	CIANJUR	:	:		:	:	1	:	:	:
1	Sukanegara		Cibalapulang river		(Old volcanic within dispersed hills. Dense vegetation and tea plantation	:harmfull upstream	ispace for ex-	:consumption	:Hater rights.	(tig-laws for (1. Hater rights (2. Control of up- stream acti- (oities
2 :	Hairung Kon- dang		Tegallega Spring		Gravity spring flowing from young volcanics. Fee plantation and wooded areas.			(Project against (surface run-off (entering the (capturing	(2) Controlled future	Appropriate design By-laus on water Frights:
3	Bojang ficung	: 5 : : :	1 deep well		Flat area. Sawah, Borehole exploits deep- seated (37-80 m) aqui- fers.	iproblems. Future iprotection needed		laround the imell head	(1) No dymps of harmfull material mithin a a radius of 1 km (2) No other deep wells within a radius of 500 m	both (1) and (2)
4	Cikalong Kulon		Cikundul River		The river flow in hilly areal, young volcanics.			(Limited (Possibilities (if unchanged (land use	(1) Hater rights (2) Control of third (2) parties activities (3) along the river	: By laws on : (1) and (2) :
	KARAHANG	:				!	:	:	<u></u>	
1	Pangkalan		Ciburi al Spring	30 - 65	Spring flow from line- stone formation (karst)	iby hazardous ?	for other con-	 Surface run-off entering the capturing Flooding by river	 1) Mater rights 2) Control of activi- ties within the catchment	I den
2	Batujaya		Citarum River and North Ta- rum irrigati- on canal	2 21333	:filluvial plain close to the sea coast :	(River pollution (Cintakes for drinking water (supply exist (higher upstream)	None	Control on Provincial and Regional level Incessary for effective Protection	(1) Water rights (2) Control of third (2) parties activities (3) along the river (4)	((1) By-laus ((2) Coordinate with the pro- tective mea- sures for exsist Rangkes bentang intake
3	Lenahabang	; 20 ; ; ;	2 deep wells		Flat area, composed of alluvial formations. Sawah and mearby habitation.	No immediate problems. About 30 m of clay and above aquifers prossibility of saline mater at prolonged over exploitation	•	Sanitary zone around the uell (5 m ra- dius) Frequent qua- lity control	(1) No dumps of harmfull materials within a a radius of 0,5 km (2) No other deep wells within a distance of 500 m	By laws on (1) and (2)

MATER RESOURCES PROTECTION - KAB. SUBANG

MO.	1 6 8	DEHAND EZS	SOURCE	Y I E L O SPRINGS : HIN - MAX	GEOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS	RESDURCE PROBLEMS	PROTECTIVE MEASURES NEEDED		ACTION
111012			Sports	BOREHOLES : RECOMMENDED SUPE, MAT : MIN.	ENGIRONHENIHE SELIIND			FECHNICAL .	LEGISLBTIVE	
2	Sagalaherang Jalan Cagak (12-0a)	:	Common syst. Cileuleug spring		Nothern slopes of Tang- kuban Perahu (young kulcanics). Mixture of ucoded slopes, sawahs and habitation	:Watershed protection advisable :	other consump- tion of water		(2) Hatershed protection against	Appropriate design By laws on (1) and (2)
4	Binong	10	2 deep wells		[Alluvial deposits. Extensive sawahs and habitation: Extensive clay layers above the aquifers	:	inst over ex- ploitation of	of 5 m radius : around well-		By laws against over ex- ploitation.
5	Kalijati	; ;	2 deep wells : (1 exsist.and) 1 to be dril- led		Iden	I dem	Iden	lden	I den	Iden
6	Compreng	10	Ideн	5 + 5	: Artesian conditions	Possibility of saline water of over exploitation	:	Frequent qua- lity and yield control		Iden
7	Blenakan	:	Main irrig. canal (Cijengkol Gate)) }	Nothern alluviel plains Hater from Jatiluhur reservoir on the Cite- rum.	lupstreem polluti- ion		ality control	1) Control of third parties upstream activities 2) Hater rights	- Operation ins- tructions - By laws on (1) and (2)
ខ	Cipunegara	:	3 medium deep: (50 - 60 m) (1 exsist, 2 to be dril- led)		:plains. Extensive sawah :fields. Aquifer protec- :ted by 5 - 7 m thick :clay layer	fertilizer and pesticide infil- tration (mimized by the clay	Protection aga-	of 5 m radius around the well head	exploitation of the aquifer at	!- Appropriate ! design !- By lows against ! overexploitatio
;		:	;		:	! • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	:	:		:

Appendix IV-4

HATER RESOURCES PROTECTION - KAB. SUMEDANG

MO.	1 6 8	DEMAND L/S	SOURCE	YIELD SPRINGS: HIN - HAX	GEOLOGICAL AND	EMMIRONHENTAL PROBLEMS	RESOURCE PROBLEMS	PROTECTIVE H	MEASURES NEEDED	ACTION
	1 6. 1,		SOURCE	BOREHOLES : RECOMMENDED SURF.WAY : HIN.	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	11.30.00313		TECHNICAL	LEGISLATIVE	11011011
1	Cimalaka	:	:Deep wells :Cunder exe- :cution)		Poung volcanics (Brec- ica tuff and lava flows) on slope of Tam- ponas mount	:	: :			
.> 	: Situraja : : :		Cicaneang Spring	•	Spring flowing from young volcanics laws iflow, hilly morphology	None		Surface water run-off 	Hater rights	- Appropriate design - Bylaw on water rights
3	Paseh	20	l deep well		Young volcanics on the slope of Tamponas vol- icano. Borehale exploits (40 - 60 m deep aquifer, mainly fissured lava iflom.	of upstream catchment reco-				By laws on (1) and (2)
4	Hado	10	Cimanuk river	· · · ·		Possibility of upstream pollu- tion	None	None	1) Hater rights (2) Control of upstream (activities	By laws on (1) land (2)
	:Гоно : : :Ujung Jaya		Cimanuk river (N)		: :Flat area underlain :by tertiary deposits	Idem	None	Iden	Iden	Iden

^{*} Spring Cinyusu in Kec.Congeang at a 12 km distance from Ujung Jaya is available for supply of these two IKK'S (Ujung Jaya and Tomo) Final decision on the source selection pending techno-economical evaluation

ын	TEE	DEMAND LZS	SOURCE	Y I E L D SPRINGS : HIN - MAX	GEOLOGICAL AND	ENVIRONHENTAL	RESOURCE	PROTECTIVE H	IEASURES NEEDED	ACTION
MIII.	1 r. ts	E/S	NOOKEE	BORRHOLES : RECOMMENDED SURF.HRT : HIN.	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	PROBLEMS	PROBLERS	TECHNICAL	LEGISLATIVE	HCITUM
1	Ci kal ong		Cicagur Spring Sand Shallow Sallowial Squifer	: : 2 - 3 (Shallow Borehole)	Hooded with some sawah (Flat padi field and	linfiltration.	:	; surface water ;		- Appropriate design - By-laws on catch ment control - Operation inst tructions
2	Pagerageung		Cipanyusupan Spring		Gravity spring flowing from young volcanics on Mount slope. Surrounded by forrest.	ifrom upper part	: None	- Protect against surface water inflow	 Hater rights No storage of harmfull material. 	- Appropriate design - By-laws on water rights
3	Leomisari		Cikebon Spring		The spring is one of Cipondok the complex spring used for Tasik-Halaya Hater supply. Flowing from Young Volcanic breccia in thilly area on a Mountain slope.	Іден	None	Idem	Uncontrolled land use and no dump sites	Idom
4	Cibal ong		Cigelap spring	•	Spring from linestone formation in the Southern Mountain Range.	: catchment	None but no space for third party exploi- tation	- Protect against surface water inflow - Frequent quality control - Control of catchment area activities	2) No harmfull dumps in the catchment area	By laws on (1) and (2)
5	Kawalu	:	Tapping from BNA Tasikma- laga	20	Original intake : Spring in young volcanic area	None		Covered by the ex Heasures and regu		Coordination with the BNA

NO.	ĺ,	C KC E	0 / BBB0 1 / 25	SACRUPACE.	V I C L D SPRINGS : HIN - HAX	GEOLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS	RESOURCE PROBLEMS	PROTECTIVE H	EASURES NEEDED	ACTION
		, P. 1.		2-00/7-03	BOREHOLES : RECOMMENDED SURF.HAT : HIN.	ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING	PROBLEMS	PROBLEMS	TECHNI CAL	LEGISLATIVE	VIC 1 TON
1	Kara	ng Pawitan	:	2 Deep walls of which 1 is artesian	:	: Hilly young volcanics, northern slope of Kratjak and Telagabodas volcanos.	:tion recommended :	againts over exploitation by third	:Sanitary zone :around well-head :S H radius :Proper drainage	1) No other deep wells within 500 m radius 12) No dumps of harmful materials with in 500 m radius 13) No binding promisses of the overflow yield for other purposes	By laws on (1) and (2)
2	Cisur	upan	10	2 Deep wells		Young Volcanics valley between Papandayan and Cikuray volcanos.		againts over	around well head, 5 m radius	1) No other deep wells within 500 m radius; 2) No dumps of harmful naterials controlled development; 3) No binding promisses of the overflow yield for other purposes	I den
3	: Banyo	lr'ésmi		l artesian deep well		:Flat area of young :volcanics and alluvium :of the Garut intern :nountain basin. :	No uncontrolled development	againts over	laround the well	1) No other deep wells: uithin 500 n radius: 2) No binding promisses: of the overflow yield for other purposes	Iden
4	Leumi	igoong	10	Tapping	g from Banyuresmi	I den			Se above under	Banyureski	

Appendix

Note:

yield in bracket are estimated value