

OWNP & Sustainability



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▶ **OWNP-PDO**

- ▶ “To contribute to improving the health and well-being in rural and urban areas by increasing water supply and sanitation access and the adoption of good hygiene practices in an *equitable and sustainable manner*”

▶ **OWNP-Guiding Principles**

- ▶ Integration of the water, health, education and finance sectors
- ▶ Alignment of partners’ activities with those of the Government of Ethiopia
- ▶ Harmonization of partners’ approaches and activities
- ▶ Partnership between implementing parties at all levels

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▶ **Why WaSH Sustainability?**

- ▶ Access to water, sanitation and hygiene is a human right, yet billions are still faced with daily challenges accessing even the most basic of services.
- ▶ Policies :
 - ▶ Article 90.1: To the extent the country's resources permit, all Ethiopians are guaranteed access to public health, education, clean water, housing, food and social security
 - ▶ Article 90.2: "Government shall endeavour to ensure that all Ethiopian live in a clean and healthy environment".
- ▶ **SDG: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all**

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- ▶ GTP-II: Reduce and sustain the proportion of non functioning water supply schemes to 7%
- ▶ HSTP: 82 % Open Defecation Free kebeles and 40 % increase in sanitation marketing centers
- ▶ MSF-7 undertaking: Ensuring one WaSH Service Sustainability
- ▶ **Sustainability in OWNP:**
 - ▶ Sustainability: The sustainability principle focuses sustaining service period and service level through ensuring that services provided are easily operated and maintained at local level.
 - ▶ For example:- for the sustainability of communal/public latrines, latrine could include bio-gas, public showers and cloth washing facilities when feasible.
 - ▶ WWT at Woreda and WaSHCOM & WDA at Community levels are responsible to ensures sustainability of WASH services in collaboration with appropriate sector offices

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▶ **Risks for Sustainability:**

- ▶ Practice of payment for the water usage
 - ▶ Lack of follow up and regular maintenance
 - ▶ Availability of spare part in the local market
 - ▶ Community ownership
 - ▶ Management of the improved WaSH facilities
 - ▶ Climate change/variability on water sources
- ▶ A weak sustainability system in the WaSH service, will result in a high percentage of non-functionality of the service.

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▶ **OWNP-Sustainability Check**

- ▶ Routine checks of functionality of water supply and sanitation infrastructures– OWP will be undertaken annually to ensure that the built infrastructure.
- ▶ Supervision supported by post-construction checks/sustainability checks

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▶ **key areas/determinants of sustainability**

- ▶ Institutional sustainability: policies, strategies and management arrangements.
- ▶ Technical sustainability: mechanisms to ensure sustainable service provision including spare part supply, technical support etc.
- ▶ Financial sustainability: to ensure WaSH services are financially viable over time.
- ▶ Environmental sustainability: to ensure that WaSH services do not have a negative impact on the environment.
- ▶ Social sustainability: measures to ensure that everyone can benefit.

Thank You!